COMPUTER PROGRAM FOR PERFORMANCE AND SIZING ANALYSIS OF COMPACT COUNTER-FLOW PLATE-FIN HEAT EXCHANGERS

DAVID W. TAYLOR NAVAL SHIP RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER



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COMPUTER PROGRAM FOR PERFORMANCE AND SIZING ANALYSIS OF COMPACT COUNTER-FLOW PLATE-FIN **HEAT EXCHANGERS**

by

Jon C. Ness

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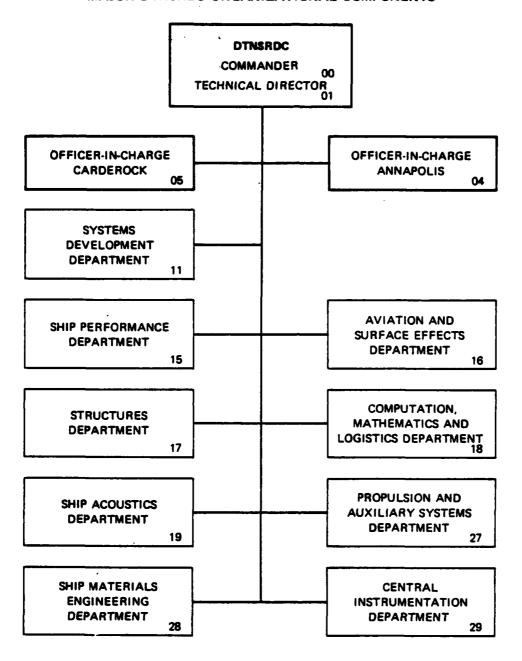
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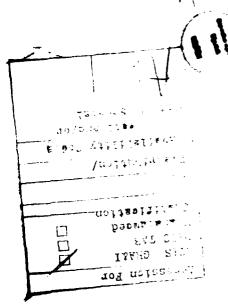


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SYMBOLS

- A Exchanger total heat transfer area on one side, ft²
- A_C Exchanger minimum free-flow area, ft²
- A_{fr} Exchanger total frontal area, ft^2
- a Plate thickness, in
- b Plate spacing, in
- C Flow stream capacity rate, BTU/(hr °F)
- C_c Jet contraction-area ratio, dimensionless
- C_r Capacity rate ratio
- $c_{\rm p}$ Specific heat at constant pressure, BTU/(1 $b_{\rm m}$ °F)
- D Air-side header diameter, ft
- f Mean friction factor, (Equation 32)
- far Fuel-air ratio
- G Exchanger flow-stream mass velocity, $lb_m/(hr ft^2)$
- g_c Proportionality factor in Newton's second law, lb_m ft/(lb_f sec²)
- Unit conductance for thermal-convection heat transfer,
 BTU/(hr ft² °F)
- j Colburn factor = $N_{ST} N_{PR}^{2/3}$
- Kb* Bend loss coefficient
- K_{C} Contraction loss coefficient for flow at heat exchanger entrance, dimensionless
- $\mathbf{K_d}$ Momentum flux correction factor, dimensionless
- Ke Expansion loss coefficient for flow at heat exchanger exit, dimensionless
- K_1 Constant used in Equation 14
- K₂ Constant used in Equation 15
- k Unit thermal conductivity, BTU/(hr ft² °F/ft)

L - Heat exchanger counter-flow length, ft

L_g - Gas-side header length, ft

L_n - Heat exchanger non-flow length, ft

2 - Fin length from root to center, ft

M - Molecular weight

m - A fin effectiveness parameter $(2h/k\delta)^{1/2}$

N_{PR} - PrandIt number, dimensionless

N_R - Reynolds number, dimensionless

 N_{ST} - Stanton number, dimensionless

NTU - Number of transfer units

P - Power

P_f - Fractional Power

p - Pressure, $1b_f/in^2$

q - Dynamic velocity, $1b_f/ft^2$

 R_{ii} - Universal gas constant, ft $1b_f/(1b mol)(^{\circ}R)$

 r_h - Hydraulic radius = A_cL/A

T - Temperature, °F or °R

U - Unit overall thermal conductance, BTU/(hr ft² °F)

¥ - Volume, ft³

V - Velocity, ft/sec

v - Specific volume, ft³/lb_m

Wa - Weight of air-side fins and plates, 1bf

WENCL - Weight of enclosure, 1bf

 W_q - Weight of gas-side fins and plates, $1b_f$

W_{HD} - Weight of headers, 1b_f

WT - Total weight of heat exchanger, 1bf

- w Mass flow rate, 1b_m/sec
- Ratio of total transfer area on one side of the exchanger to total volume of the exchanger, ft^2/ft^3
- $^{\beta}$ Ratio of total heat transfer area on one side of a plate-fin heat exchanger to the volume between the plates on that side, ft^2/ft^3
- Δ Denotes a difference between values of the same parameter
- Fin thickness, in
- ε Heat exchanger effectiveness, dimensionless
- n_f Fin effectiveness, dimensionless
- n_o Total surface effectiveness, dimensionless
- Ratio of free flow area to frontal area
- νiscosity coefficient, lb_m/(hr ft)
- π Constant = 3.1416
- ρ Density, $1b_m/ft^3$
- $\rho_{\rm C}$ Density of core, $1b_{\rm m}/{\rm ft}^3$
- $\rho_{\rm m}$ Density of material, $1b_{\rm m}/{\rm ft}^3$
- ρ_n Density of material per unit area, $1b_m/ft^2$
- Ψ_F Fin weight factor
- Ψ_D Plate weight factor

SUBSCRIPT

- a air-side
- av average
- b bend
- c core
- g gas-side
- i inlet
- m mean value
- max maximum value
- min minimum value
- o outlet
- t total
- 1 entrance condition
- 2 exit condition
- 3 compressor exit condition
- 4 turbine inlet condition
- 5 turbine outlet condition
- 6 recuperator outlet condition

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

BTU - British thermal unit

CDC - Control Data Corporation

°F - Degrees Fahrenheit

ft - Feet

hr - Hour

in - Inch

1bf - Pounds force

1b_m - Pounds mass

NTU - Number of Transfer Units

psia - Pound force per square inch absolute

°R - Degrees Rankine

sec - Second

ABSTRACT

This report presents a computer program for preliminary counter-flow, compact, design analysis of plate-fin exchangers. The program method is based on the effectiveness-NTU relationship analysis. The heat exchanger design begins with assumptions for counter-flow length, total frontal flow area and core matrix fin geometry. Using these constraints, the program proceeds to calculate the resulting effectiveness and pressure drop based on specified air-side and gas-side conditions. design requirements include selected air-side and gas-side fin types; the pressures, temperatures, and mass flows of the air and gas streams; fuel-air ratio; as well as, the maximum air-side inlet header velocity. Heat exchanger designs may be generated based on four different fin types (i.e., plain, louvered, strip/offset or wavy fins) over a varied number of core dimensions. Program output includes inlet and exit conditions on air and gas sides, effectiveness, fin characteristics, core length and volume, total frontal flow area, pressure drops, overall enclosure height, number of transfer units, overall weight, and air-side header diameters and velocities. This report presents the analysis method, description of input and output with sample cases, and a program listing.

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INTRODUCTION

Preliminary design analysis of compact heat exchangers for gas turbine engine applications involves repetitious calculations varying design and performance over a range of conditions. In order to determine "an optimum" design, thousands of these calculations must be completed. Design accuracy and details which are necessary in manufacturing a heat exchanger are not necessary for this type of preliminary design analysis. General and approximate procedures are sufficient to yield the desired design and performance characteristics.

This report presents a computer program for preliminary design analysis of counterflow, compact, plate-fin heat exchangers. The computer program is based on the effectiveness-NTU relationship, [1]. The heat exchanger design begins with assumptions for counter-flow length, total frontal flow area and core matrix fin geometry. Using these contraints, the program proceeds to calculate the resulting effectiveness and pressure drop based on specified air-side and gas-side inlet conditions. Input requirements are air-side and gas-side fin types; the pressures, temperatures, and mass flows, of the air and gas streams; fuel-air ratio; as well as, the air-side inlet header velocity. The program gives the designer the capability to select from four different fin-types (i.e., plain, louvered, strip/offset, and wavy) with a variety of surfaces (i.e., fins/in and fin heights) for each fin type. All the necessary data and characterisitics for the fin types are located in reference 1. The input data includes assumed values of core counter-flow length and frontal area to be used in the computations described below. Output consists of all input requirements, as well as, calculated parameters including core volume, pressure drops, overall enclosure height, air and gas exit temperatures and pressures, number of transfer units, heat exchanger effectiveness, overall weight, and air-side header exit diameter and velocity.

A complete description of input and output variables, a FORTRAN IV program listing, and discussion of the analysis method are included in the report. Also, included are examples for using the program, and illustrations of output.

METHOD OF ANALYSIS

In sizing heat exchangers there are two parameters which affect size and shape. These parameters are effectiveness ε , and pressure drop Δp .

The objective of using a heat exchanger as a regenerator in gas turbines is to raise the compressor exit temperature using the waste heat from exhaust gases; therefore, increasing thermal efficiency. Raising the air temperature in a regenerator to that of the entering gas temperature would constitute a perfect heat exchanger. How close the air-side exit temperature reaches the entering gasside temperature defines effectiveness. In order to define heat exchanger effectiveness, a capacity rate is used. The capacity rate is the mass flow rate times the heat capacity. For regeneration in gas turbine engine applications, the capacity rate is slightly lower on the air-side then on the gas-side due to compressor bleeds lowering air-side mass flow rate, combustion products increasing gas-side mass flow rate, and increasing heat capacity as temperature rises. Effectiveness is defined as [1],

$$\varepsilon = \frac{T_{a_0} - T_{a_i}}{T_{g_i} - T_{a_i}}.$$
 (1a)

Alternatively,

$$\varepsilon = (\frac{C_g}{C_a}) \frac{T_{g_i} - T_{g_0}}{T_{g_i} - T_{a_i}}$$
 (1b)

 T_{a_0} = air-side exit temperature T_{a_1} = air-side entering temperature = gas-side exit temperature $T_{g_1}^{-1}$ = gas-side entering temperature

C = capacity rate.

Heat transfer can be related to a nondimensional parameter, known as the number of transfer units (NTU), in terms of [1],

$$NTU = \frac{A U_{av}}{C_{min}}$$
 (2)

where.

A = heat transfer area, ft^2

 U_{av} = average overall heat transfer coefficient, BTU/(hr ft² °F)

 C_{min} = minimum capacity rate, BTU/(hr °F)

For a counterflow heat exchanger, which this computer program is based upon, the relationship of effectiveness to NTU is [1],

$$\varepsilon = \frac{1 - e}{1 - \frac{C_{\min}/C_{\max}}{C_{\max}}} \cdot \frac{-\text{NTU} \left(1 - \frac{C_{\min}/C_{\max}}{C_{\max}}\right)}{1 - \frac{C_{\min}}{C_{\max}}}.$$
 (3)

Equations for other configurations (i.e., crossflow, parallel flow, etc.) can be found in reference 1.

Pressure drop (Δp) in a heat exchanger can adversely affect the performance of the heat exchanger and the specific power of the gas turbine. Pressure drop can be made nondimensional by dividing the change in pressure by the absolute pressure before the pressure drop occurs. This nondimensional pressure drop can be related to a fractional pressure drop, which is directly related to a power loss in the gas turbine, regardless of whether the Δp occurs on the air-side or gas-side, [2]. The above mentioned statement may be made clearer with the aid of figure 1 and the following derivations: At a given turbine inlet temperature, power is proportional to the pressure ratio across the turbine (p_4/p_5). Assume that an overall pressure ratio (p_3/p_6) can be related to p_4/p_5 by considering the pressure losses across the heat exchanger and burner (Δp_a = air-side drop, Δp_g = gas-side drop, and Δp_b = burner drop); then the recuperated turbine pressure ratio can be written in terms of the overall pressure ratio.

$$\frac{p_4}{p_5} = \frac{p_3 - \Delta p_b - \Delta p_a}{p_6 + \Delta p_g} = \frac{p_3}{p_6} \frac{\left(1 - \frac{\Delta p_b}{p_3} - \frac{\Delta p_a}{p_3}\right)}{\left(1 + \frac{\Delta p_g}{p_6}\right)}$$
(4)

The fractional power loss due to recuperation can be expressed in the following manner for small pressure losses,

$$\frac{\Delta P_f}{P_{old}} = \frac{P_{new} - P_{old}}{P_{old}} = \frac{P_{new}}{P_{old}} - 1$$
 (5)

where,

$$P_{\text{new}} = \frac{p_3}{p_6} \frac{\left(1 - \frac{\Delta p_b}{p_3} - \frac{\Delta p_a}{p_3}\right)}{\left(1 + \frac{\Delta p_g}{p_6}\right)}$$
(6a)

$$P_{\text{old}} = \frac{P_3}{P_6} \left(1 - \frac{\Delta P_b}{P_3} \right) \text{ (since } \Delta P_a = \Delta P_g = 0).$$
 (6b)

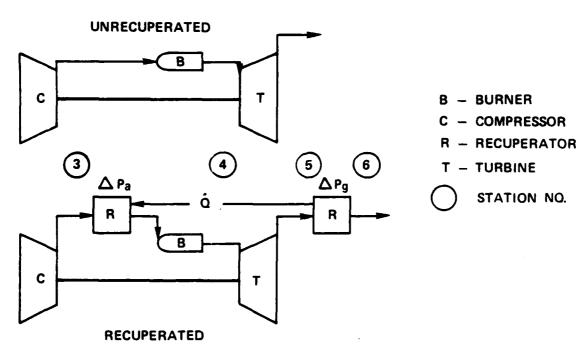


Figure 1 - Simple (Unrecuperated) and Recuperated Gas Turbine Cycles

Substituting in P_{new} and P_{old} , remembering that the pressure drops are small relative to the absolute pressures, and ignoring second order terms, equation (5) becomes.

$$\frac{\Delta P_f}{P_{old}} = \frac{\left(1 - \frac{\Delta p_b}{p_3} - \frac{\Delta p_a}{p_3}\right)}{\left(1 + \frac{\Delta p_g}{p_6}\right)\left(1 - \frac{\Delta p_b}{p_3}\right)} - 1 \sim -\left(\frac{\Delta p_a}{p_3} + \frac{\Delta p_g}{p_6}\right). \tag{7}$$

Therefore, the fractional power loss due to regeneration is related to the fractional pressure losses across the recuperator by equation (7). Since power losses in the cycle can result from pressure drops in the heat exchanger, it is desirable to keep pressure losses to a minimum. This can be accomplished by choosing fin types that do not create high pressure losses. For example, plain fins instead of strip fins, short flow lengths, or large frontal areas, which may create other problems that are not dealt with in this manual.

As stated earlier, the heat exchanger design begins with assumptions for counter-flow length, total frontal flow area and core matrix fin geometry. Using these constraints, the program proceeds to calculate the resulting effectiveness and pressure drop based on specified air-side and gas-side inlet conditions. The basic procedure is summarized below:

- (1) GIVEN: Mass flow rates, inlet pressure, and inlet temperatures on both air and gas sides.
- (2) SELECT: Surface characteristics (i.e., fins/in and fin height) both sides
- (3) CALCULATE: Heat transfer and free flow areas on both sides, Equations (9) and (11)
- (4) DETERMINE: Fluid properties on both sides
- (5) CALCULATE: Reynolds number of both sides, Equation (13)
- (6) DETERMINE: Stanton number, Colburn factor and friction factor
- (7) CALCULATE: Heat transfer coefficient on both sides, Equation (17)
- (8) CALCULATE: Fin effectiveness on both sides, Equation (18)
- (9) CALCULATE: Surface effectiveness on both sides, Equation (21)

(10) CALCULATE: Overall coefficient of heat transfer based on the air-side area, Equation (22)

(11) CALCULATE: NTU and exchanger effectiveness, Equations (2) and (25)

(12) CALCULATE: Inlet and exit loss coefficients, Equations (34) and (35); and core pressure drop on both sides, Equations (30), (36), (37), and (38)

This procedure requires the following inputs: air flow rate w_a , fuel-air ratio far, air-side fin surface, air-side entering pressure p_{1a} , air-side entering temperature T_{1a} , gas-side fin surface, gas-side entering pressure p_{1g} , gas-side entering temperature T_{1g} , a plate thickness a, and a thermal conductivity k for the fin material and parting plates. By specifying the fin surface, characterisitics accompany the fins, such as, plate spacing b, hydraulic radius r_h , fin thickness δ , ratio of transfer area to volume between plates β , and ratio of fin or extended area to total area are determined. The frontal area A_{fr} , and the heat exchanger core volume V must be specified for the calculations.

HEAT TRANSFER AND FREE-FLOW AREA

The ratio of total transfer area on one side (i.e., air-side, gas-side) of the heat exchanger to the total volume of the exchanger is given by,

$$\alpha_a = \frac{A_a}{V_{total}} = \frac{b_a \beta_a}{b_a + b_g + 2a}$$
, for the air-side, (8a)

and

$$\alpha_g = \frac{A_g}{V_{total}} = \frac{b_g \beta_g}{b_g + b_a + 2a}$$
, for the gas-side. (8b)

Rearrangement of Equation (8a) or (8b) gives the total heat transfer area on one side,

$$A = \alpha V_{total} . (9)$$

The ratio of free-flow area to frontal area is defined as,

$$\sigma = \frac{A_c}{A_{fr}} = \alpha r_h . ag{10}$$

Rearrangement of Equation (10) give the free-flow area on one side as

$$A_{c} = \sigma A_{fr} . \tag{11}$$

FLUID PROPERTIES

An initial value for heat exchanger effectiveness is assumed only to estimate an average bulk temperature for both sides to determine the properties. the calculated value for the heat exchanger effectiveness is compared to the initial or previous value for agreement within a specified tolerance. determining the average temperatures, the fluid properties, such as, viscosity u, thermal conductivity k, and specific heat at constant pressure $c_{\rm p}$ are ascertained which allows a value for Prandtl number to be calculated (i.e., $N_{pR} = c_n \mu/k$). Curve-fits for the viscosity and thermal conductivity of air or a mixture of air and fuel were generated from tabulated property data published in the open literature [3]. Similar curve-fits for the specific heat of air or a mixture of air and fuel already existed [4]. A value for molecular weight of air or mixture of air and fuel is required to calculate specific volume at the core entrance (i.e., $v_1 = R_\mu T/pM$). Effects of humidity were not included in the calculations of Specific volumes are calculated using ratios of inlet and fluid properties. outlet conditions, and then a mean specific volume is determined for both air and gas sides.

REYNOLDS NUMBER

The heat exchanger flow-stream mass velocity is given by,

$$G = \frac{W}{A_C} , \qquad (12)$$

and expressing the Reynolds number in terms of G yields:

$$N_{R} = \frac{4r_{h} G}{u} . ag{13}$$

STANTON NUMBER, COLBURN FACTOR, AND FRICTION FACTOR

The friction factor f, and the Colburn factor j are determined from the tabulated data of reference 1, corresponding to the selected fin surfaces and the calculated Reynolds number. For low Reynolds numbers that are not tabulated in reference 1, the following equations are used for the f and j factors,

$$f = \frac{K_1}{N_p} \tag{14}$$

and,

$$j = \frac{\kappa_2}{N_R^{0.7}} . \tag{15}$$

The value of K_1 and K_2 have been determined by extending the graphs found in reference 1. The Stanton number is extracted from the Colburn factor which is defined as,

$$j = N_{ST} N_{PR}^{2/3}$$
 (16)

HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENT

The heat transfer coefficient h is a complex function of fluid properties, flow characteristics, and surface geometries and is defined by,

$$h = N_{ST} G c_p . (17)$$

FIN EFFECTIVENESS

The fin effectiveness is defined as,

$$\eta_{f} = \frac{\tanh m\ell}{m\ell} \tag{18}$$

where, m is a fin effectiveness parameter given by,

$$m = \left(\frac{2h}{k \delta}\right)^{1/2} \tag{19}$$

and & is the fin length from root to center,

$$z = \frac{b}{2} .$$
(20)

SURFACE EFFECTIVENESS

The total surface effectiveness is defined as,

$$\eta_0 = 1 - \frac{A_{fr}}{A} (1 - \eta_f)$$
 (21)

OVERALL COEFFICIENT OF HEAT TRANSFER

Using the surface effectiveness, heat transfer coefficient, the total heat transfer area, and the thermal wall resistance; the overall coefficient of heat transfer is expressed by

$$\frac{1}{U_a} = \frac{1}{\eta_{oa} h_a} + \frac{1}{(A_g/A_a) \eta_{oq} h_g} + \frac{1}{k/(a/12)} . \tag{22}$$

NTU AND EXCHANGER EFFECTIVENESS

The flow stream capacity rate mentioned earlier is defined as,

$$C = wc_p (23)$$

A capacity rate is determined for both sides of the heat exchanger, and a capacity rate ratio is calculated for use later in the effectiveness equation i.e., Equation (25),

$$C_r = \frac{C_{min}}{C_{max}} = \frac{C_a}{C_g} < 1 \qquad (24)$$

With the aid of Equation (2) the number of transfer units is calculated, which with the capacity rate from Equation (23) are used to calculate heat exchanger effectiveness. Recalling the counterflow effectiveness equation,

$$\varepsilon = \frac{1 - e^{-NTU(1-C_r)}}{1 - C_r e^{-NTU(1-C_r)}} . \tag{25}$$

Based on the above calculated effectiveness and Equation (1a) and (1b), the air and gas outlet temperatures can be calculated.

PRESSURE DROP

The total pressure drop in a compact heat exchanger is due to three major effects: (1) air-side header pressure drop, (2) core pressure drop, and (3) bend pressure drop. Different flow arrangements can result in lower or higher pressure losses. The counter-flow configuration shown in Figure 2 can result in a uniform velocity across the entire heat exchanger core, [5]. To keep the air-side header pressure loss at a minimum and for uniform flow distribution, the dynamic velocity ratio must be kept a constant, [5],

$$\frac{q_0}{q_1} = \frac{4}{r^2} = 0.405 \tag{26}$$

where,

$$q_i = \frac{\rho_i}{2g_c} v_i^2 \tag{27}$$

and,

$$q_0 = \frac{\rho_0}{2g_0} V_0^2$$
 (28)

For the counter-flow configuration, the total pressure drop due to the headers on the air-side is defined as

$$\frac{\Delta p_{t_a}}{q_i} = 1 - \frac{q_0}{q_i} = 0.595 . \tag{29}$$

To be consistent with reference 1, the header pressure drop must be divided by the inlet pressure \mathbf{p}_1 ,

$$\frac{\Delta p_{t_a}}{p_{1_a}} = \frac{.595}{p_{1_a}} \frac{\rho V_i^2}{2g_c^2}$$
 (30)

By substituting the values for \mathbf{q}_1 and \mathbf{q}_0 into equation (26) the air-side velocity relationship can be determined,

$$V_0 = .636 \ V_i \ \left(\frac{\rho_i}{\rho_0}\right)^{1/2}$$
 (31)

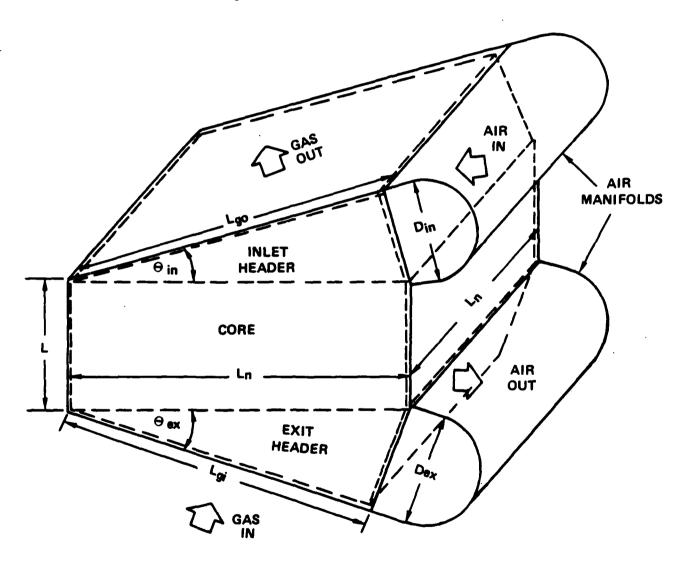


Figure 2 - Heat Exchanger Arrangement Used for Pressure Drop and Weight Estimations

The core pressure drop equation for a compact heat exchanger is complicated in that it consists of four components, [1]: (1) entrance effects, (2) flow acceleration, (3) core friction, and (4) exit effects. The flow-stream pressure drop relationship is defined as,

$$\frac{\Delta p_c}{p_1} = \frac{G^2 v_1}{2g_c p_1} \left[\left(K_c + 1 - \sigma^2 \right) + 2 \left(\frac{v_2}{v_1} - 1 \right) + f \frac{A}{A_c} \frac{v_m}{v_1} - \left(1 - \sigma^2 - K_e \right) \frac{v_2}{v_1} \right]$$
 (32)

entrance flow core exit effect acceleration friction effect

and for the core friction parameter,

$$\frac{A}{A_c} = \frac{L}{r_h} . {33}$$

Definition of the entrance and exit loss coefficient are from the literature [6]. The entrance loss coefficient, $K_{\rm C}$ is given by,

$$K_c = \frac{1 - 2C_c + C_c^2(2K_d - 1)}{C_c^2}$$
, (34)

and the exit loss coefficient, $K_{\mbox{\scriptsize e}}$ is defined as,

$$K_e \sim 1 - 2K_d \sigma + \sigma^2$$
 (35)

Additional pressure loss must be considered since the headers have matrices. To account for the added matrix in each header, the core pressure drop has been increased by the percent of additional mean flow length in the headers. Therefore, equation (32) becomes; for the air-side,

$$\frac{\Delta p_a}{p_1} = Eq (32) \times (\frac{L_{g_1}}{2} + L + \frac{L_{g_0}}{2})/L$$
 (36)

and for the gas-side,

$$\frac{\Delta p_{g}}{p_{1}} = Eq (32) \times \left(1 + \frac{(D_{1} + D_{0})}{2L}\right). \tag{37}$$

To estimate the bend pressure loss, it is assumed that a mitre elbow is similar to the configuration under consideration. The bend pressure loss is calculated for the air-side and gas-side inlet and exit conditions using the following expression,

$$\frac{\Delta p_b}{P_1} = \frac{K_b^*}{P_1} \frac{\overline{\rho}}{2g_c}^2 \qquad (38)$$

The bend loss coefficient, K_b^* is curve fitted for the mitre elbow [7]. Therefore, the total pressure drop of the heat exchanger for the air side is the summation of equations (30), (36), and (38) and for the gas-side is the summation of equations (37) and (38).

HEADER DIAMETER AND VELOCITY

Two important parameters which deserve attention during the design of heat exchangers are the diameters and velocities of the air-side inlet and outlet headers. From equation (31), the velocity relationship has already been determined. An inlet velocity must be assumed to calcuate an outlet velocity. By rearranging the equation of continuity, i.e.,

$$w = \rho AV \tag{39}$$

the area of the header pipe or opening is determined,

$$A = \frac{W}{\rho V} . \tag{40}$$

From Figure 2, it is assumed that the area through which the air enters or exits the manifolds is equal to the area of a circular pipe and is given by,

$$A = \frac{\pi D^2}{A} \qquad . \tag{41}$$

Combining Equations (40) and (41) the diameter of the header is determined,

$$D = \left(\frac{4}{\pi} \frac{w}{\rho V}\right)^{1/2} . \tag{42}$$

The conditions at which density is defined depends on whether the inlet or outlet header is under consideration.

WEIGHT ESTIMATION

The heat exchanger weight estimation is comprised of five parts: (1) total weight of air-side fins, (2) total weight of gas side fins, (3) sum of separating plates, (4) enclosure weight, and (5) header weights. The calculation of fin and plate weight is combined in a single equation, but done separately for the air-side and gas-side because these fin surfaces may vary within the regenerator. The basic equation for calculating fin and plate weight on either side is defined as,

$$W_a$$
or = $A\rho_m \left(A_{ft} \delta \psi_f + a(1 - A_{ft}) \psi_p\right)/24$ (43)

A plate factor ψ_p and a fin factor ψ_f in the above equation are determined from the physical dimensions of the air-side or gas-side fins. Basically, the plate factor ψ_p , relates the plate's non-flow length to the portion of non-flow length not accounted for by fin thickness. The fin factor, ψ_f , is calculated by dividing the total area by the extended fin area. Using the estimated fin and plate weights, W_a and W_g from above, and core volume, V, an average density for the core is determined,

$$\rho_{\mathbf{C}} = \frac{\mathbf{W}_{\mathbf{a}} + \mathbf{W}_{\mathbf{g}}}{\mathbf{V}} \quad . \tag{44}$$

To help understand the estimated weight calculations of the headers and enclosure, figure 2 is used. Note that the headers are assumed to be triangular in shape. The total header volume which contributes weight to the heat exchanger is

determined based on the area of these triangle multiplied by the core's non-flow length (i.e., square root of frontal area). Assuming header density is equal to core density, header weight can then be expressed as,

$$W_{HD} = \rho_c (L_{g_i} D_o L_n + L_{g_o} D_i L_n)/2$$
 (45)

The enclosure weight is based on the following assumptions: (1) the average material density per unit surface area, $\overline{\rho_m}$, is approximately 15 lb/ft² and includes sheet metal, insulation, and supports, (2) the air manifolds have the same perimeter as would the circumferences of a circle with the diameter shown, (3) the enclosure is comprised of a four-sided box with no top and bottom and two air manifolds, and (4) the headers form a 90° triangle. From figure 2 and the preceding assumptions, the enclosure weight is defined as,

$$W_{ENCL} = 15 \times (4 L_{n} L + \pi L_{n} (D_{i} + D_{o}) + L_{g_{i}} D_{o} + L_{g_{o}} D_{i}). \tag{46}$$

Therefore, the total weight of the heat exchanger is the summation of the parts described above,

$$W_{T} = W_{a} + W_{q} + W_{HD} + W_{ENCL} . \tag{47}$$

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The main program is called HTER and includes basic calculations, statements for input and output, and calls the subroutines: BENDLOS, STAT, SURF, and TRANSP. BENDLOS calculates the bend loss coefficient K_b^* , used in the pressure drop calculations, based on the angle at which the fluid turns through. STAT is a data bank for the friction factor and Colburn factor values from Kays and London [1], and calls a subroutine INT, which is an interpolation routine. SURF is the data bank for the plate fin characteristics, also from Kays and London [1], (Tables 9-3 a, b, c, and d). TRANSP returns fluid properties of air or combustion products, including viscosity, specific heat, and thermal conductivity. Input to the computer program is accomplished by reading a NAMELIST named "INDATA". The

NAMELIST INDATA identifies a succeeding list of input variables which can be input without specifing format. Included in the program is a BLOCK DATA DEFAULT for the NAMELIST INDATA, which defines a default value for each input variable. More about the NAMELIST statement and default values is given in the section titled INPUTS. The main program and subroutines are written in FORTRAN IV language for the CDC 6600 or 6700 computers.

The computer program has the following limitations and features, [2]:

- 1. The program assumes even distribution of flow across the flow cross section; i.e., the mass flow rate through any channel is simply the mass flow for sectional area of the channel. If this assumption is not true, effectiveness drops rapidly. Even flow distribution into the heat exchanger is not easy to achieve, especially in a short flow length, low pressure drop exchanger [8].
- 2. Effects of fouling and fin deformation are not included in the program.
- 3. An additional heat transfer (~2 to 5%) in a counterflow exchanger is obtained from the cross-counterflow in the headers. This was not considered in the program. In a pancake-shaped counterflow exchanger, the error in this assumption becomes appreciable.
- 4. All plate-fin surfaces given in Figures 9-3 to 9-7 of Kays and London [1] are included in the program except for 4.0 fins/in (plain).

The following sections describe the necessary input variables and resultant output variables of the computer program. Several sample cases of input data are given illustrating format, as well as, their corresponding output. Also described are error messages that may occur during the execution of the program. A complete listing of the computer program is included in the report as APPENDIX A, and the main program variables are defined in APPENDIX B.

INPUTS

Physical heat exchanger core parameters (i.e., lengths, fin types, frontal areas, etc.), air-side inlet header velocity, and heat exchanger flow conditions (i.e., pressure, temperatures, mass flows and fuel-air ratio), are provided to the program in the form of a NAMELIST called INDATA. The input conditions are required to be in U.S. units. A set of default values have been included in the program and include engine cycle data from figure 10 of reference 9. NAMELIST INDATA variables are as follows (with the default values shown to the right):

TYPA - air side fin type Default Value = 1 = 1 - plain fin = 2 - louvered fin = 3 - strip/offset fin = 4 - wavy fin NSA air side surface number = 7 = 1 to 18 for plain fin = 1 to 14 for louvered fin = 1 to 12 for strip/offset fin = 1 to 3 for wavy fin TYPG - gas side fin type = 1 = 1 - plain fin = 2 - louvered fin = 3 - strip/offset fin = 4 - wavy fin NSG gas side surface number = 7 = 1 to 18 for plain fin = 1 to 14 for louvered fin = 1 to 12 for strip/offset fin = 1 to 3 for wavy fin RLENI - initial flow length, ft = 3.0

RLI	- incremental flow length, ft	=	1.0
NL	- number of length iterations	=	5
IAFRA	- initial frontal area, ft ²	=	25.0
AFRAI	- value of frontal area increase per iteration, ft ²	=	25.0
NA	- number of frontal area iterations	=	4
WA	- air side mass flow rate, lb _m /sec	=	90.0
PINA	- air side inlet pressure, lb _f /in ²	=	116.4
TINA	- air side inlet temperature, °R	=	1040.5
PEXG	- gas side outlet pressure, lb _f /in ²	=	14.9
WG	- gas side mass flow rate, lb _m /sec	=	101.45
TING	- gas side inlet temperature, °R	=	1646.4
FAR	- fuel-to-air ratio	=	0.0145
VINPUT*	- header velocity, ft/sec	=	90.0

SAMPLE CASES

Included in this manual are eight (8) sample cases to illustrate using NAMELIST INDATA to define sets of input data. The data cards for these sample cases are shown in Figure 3. INDATA variable sets must begin with a \$INDATA

 $^{^{\}star}$ The user is advised to keep inlet air velocity below 100 ft/sec to ensure a design with good flow distribution and low losses

(where the \$ is located in the second column) and each set ends with a \$. The first data card has the \$INDATA \$, therefore, the default values are used to calculate the results shown as TABLE C-1 in APPENDIX C. A set of data items may consist of any subset of the variables names in NAMELIST INDATA. The value of variables not included in the subset on a following card remains unchanged.

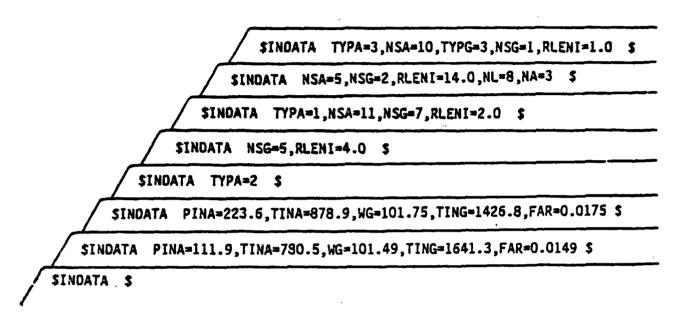


Figure 3 - Sample Cases For Namelist INDATA

The output consists of title headings, input variables, and computed results. APPENDIX C contains the corresponding output for the sample cases shown in Figure 3. Each data card produced a page of output. The first line of the output is a title heading: "CORE HEAT TRANSFER SURFACES". The next six lines of output give the heat transfer surface characteristics (i.e., hydraulic radius, compactness, plate spacing, etc.). "HEAT EXCHANGER CONDITIONS" is the next title heading and given on the following four lines are the mass flows, pressures, temperatures, and fuel-air ratio for the air and gas streams. These values are the INDATA variables. The next title heading is "HEADER DESIGN DETAILS," and given on the next four lines are the air-side inlet diameter and velocity. The computed values for the remaining output variables at various combinations of core

counterflow lengths and frontal areas comprise the rest of the output. With each new frontal area iteration, new column descriptors are printed. Contained in the tabulated values are as follows: counterflow length; heat exchanger core volume; frontal area; air side outlet pressure; gas side inlet pressure; air, gas, and total pressure drops in percent; air and gas side outlet temperatures; overall enclosure height; number of transfer units; heat exchanger effectiveness in percent; estimated weight; air-side exit header diameter and exit header velocity.

The results shown in Table C-1 (see APPENDIX C) were generated assuming plain fins, 11 fins per inch, and 0.25 inch plate spacing on both the air and gas sides. Counter-flow lengths are varied from 3 to 7 feet on 1 foot increments and total frontal flow area is varied from 25 to 100 ${\rm ft}^2$ in 25 ${\rm ft}^2$ increments. Air and gas inlet conditions are based on the gas turbine cycle data shown in Figure 10 in reference 9. An air-side inlet header velocity of 90 ft/sec is assumed in all sample cases. Although the physical characterisitics of the heat exchangers remain the same, air and gas side inlet conditions were changed in Tables C-2 and C-3 to reflect gas turbine cycle conditions shown as Figures 11 and 12, respectively, in reference 9. Air and gas side inlet conditions remain the same for Tables C-3 through C-8 while physical characterisitics of the heat exchangers Table C-4 shows the effect of changing the air-side fin type, from plain to louvered, but same fins/in, has on the performance of the heat exchanger. Table C-5 varies the gas-side fins/in from 11.1 to 6.2 and changes the initial flow length from 3 feet to 4 feet. In Table C-6 variations include the following: (1) air-side fin type from louvered to plain, (2) air-side and gas-side fins/in from 11.1 to 19.86 and 6.2 to 11.1, respectively, and (3) redefines the initial flow length from 4 feet to 2 feet. Table C-7 varies the air-side and gasside fins/in from 19.86 to 6.2 and 11.1 to 3.01, respectively, and varies the initial flow length from 2 feet to 14 feet. Also, varied in Table C-7 are the number of length iterations and frontal area iterations from 5 to 8 and 4 to 3, respectively. Table C-8 varies the following assumptions: (1) fin types for both sides (air and gas) from plain to strip/offset, (2) the initial flow length from 14 feet to 1 foot, and (3) fins/in on the air-side and gas-side from 6.2 to 19.82 and 3.01 to 11.1, respectively.

ERROR MESSAGES

There are two basic error messages that may occur in the execution of the program. These messages are presented in this section along with reasons for their occurance.

- (1) REYNOLDS NUMBER OUT OF RANGE OF PROGRAMMED TABLES The Reynolds number on the air or gas side being too large causes this error message to occur. The reason why it occurs is that only the values from reference 1 were tabulated in the computer program and have an upper limit. The lower limit has been already discussed in the Method of Analysis.
- (2) TRANSP INPUT OUT OF RANGE The reason for this error message is that the entering fuel-air ratio to the subroutine TRANSP is too large or too small. A maximum value of 0.034826, and a minimum value of less than 0.0 are associated with the curve-fits for certain thermodynamic properties. Also, if the temperature is less than 500 °R or greater than 2000 °R the error message will occur. Results obtained within these ranges agree with the data from reference 3 within \pm 1%.

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APPENDIX AFORTRAN LISTING OF COMPUTER PROGRAM

```
*DECK HTER
      PROGRAM HTER (INPUT, OUTPUT, TAPE5=INPUT, TAPE6=OUTPUT)
C
C***
C
C
      HEAT EXCHANGER TYPE TO BE SPECIFIED AS FOLLOWS-
C
      WHERE TYPE:
C
      TYPE 1 - PLAIN FIN
                                     SURFACE NUMBER = 1 TO 18
C
      TYPE 2 - LOUVERED FIN
                                     SURFACE NUMBER = 1 TO 14
C
      TYPE 3 - STRIP/OFFSET FIN
                                     SURFACE NUMBER = 1 TO 12
C
      TYPE 4 - WAVY FIN
                                     SURFACE NUMBER = 1 TO
C
C
      INTEGER TYPA, TYPG
C
      REAL ILA, ILG, K, KA, KBINA, KBEXA, KBING, KBEXG, KG, KCA, KCG,
           KDA, KDG, KEA, KEG, LA, LG, LHGING, LHGEXG, MA, MG, MAL, MGL,
     2
           MUA, MUG, NARA, NARG, NE, NPRA, NPRG, NRA, NRG, NSTA, NSTG,
           NTU, IAFRA
C
      COMMON/INPUT/TYPA, NSA, TYPG, NSG, RLENI, RLI, NL, IAFRA, AFRAI, NA, WA, PINA
                    ,TINA,PEXG,WG,TING,FAR,VINPUT
C
      NAMELIST/INDATA/TYPA, NSA, TYPG, NSG, RLENI, RLI, NL, IAFRA, AFRAI, NA, WA,
                      PINA, TINA, PEXG, WG, TING, FAR, VINPUT
C
      DATA RHO, PI, RU/ 485., 3.1416, 640.1 /
      DATA A,K,GC,ERROR/.01,12.,32.2,.001/
      DATA E, DELPA, DELPG /.5, Ø.Ø1, Ø.Ø3/
C
   35 READ (5, INDATA)
      IF(EOF(5)) 999,65
C
C
   65 CALL SURF(TYPA, NSA, AXA, BXA, SFA, BA, RHA, DELA, BETA, FRA, WFA, WPA)
      CALL SURF(TYPG.NSG.AXG.BXG.SFG.BG.RHG.DELG.BETG.FRG.WFG.WPG)
C
      VINA=VINPUT
      RHOINA=PINA/TINA/RU*1728.
      DINA=SQRT(4.*WA/RHOINA/VINA/PI)
      WRITE(6,110) TYPA, AXA, NXA, SFA, TYPG, AXG, NXG, SFG, BA, BG, RHA, RHG,
                    DELA, DELG, BETA, BETG, FRA, FRG, WA, WG, PINA, PEXG, TINA, TING
     2
                     ,FAR,FAR
  110 FORMAT (1H1." CORE HEAT TRANSFER SURFACE".18X."AIR-SIDE".29X.
               "GAS-SIDE" // 20X, "TYPE AND FIN DETAIL", 3X, I1,
               "-", F6.4, "-", I1, "-", F5.2,20X, I1, "-", F6.4,
                  , F5.2 / 20X, "PLATE SPACING", 12X, F6.4, 2X, "IN"
                                                                         .26X.
               F6.4, 2X, "IN" /2ØX, "HYDRAULIC RADIUS", 8X, F7.5, " FT", 25X,F7.5, " FT" /2ØX, "FIN THICKNESS", 12X, F6.4, 2X,
     5
           "IN",26X, F6.4, 2X, "IN" /20X, "COMPACTNESS", 13X, F7.1, 2X, "SQFT/CUFT",15X,F10.1, 2X, "SQFT/CUFT" / 20X, "FIN/TOTAL",
     7
     8
               " AREA", 11X, F6.4, 2X, "FT/FT",23X, F6.4, 2X, "FT/FT"//
                  HEAT EXCHANGER CONDITIONS", 18X, "AIR-SIDE INLET", 24X,
               "GAS-SIDE INLET", 10X, "GAS-SIDE EXIT"//20X, "MASSFLOW", 16X,
     1
     2
               F6.2," LB/SEC",23X,F6.2," LB/SEC",17X,"-"/20X,"PRESSURE"
          ,16X,F6.2."
                       PSIA",32X,"-",18X,F6.2," PSIA"/20X,"TEMPERATURE",
               12X,F7.2," DEG R",23X,F7.2," DEG R",18X,"-"/20X,"FUEL-"
     5"AIR RATIO", 12X, "Ø.Ø", 34X, F6.4, 2ØX, F6.4//" HEADER DESIGN DETAILS"
```

```
1)
     WRITE(6,115) VINA, DINA
 115 FORMAT(20X, "INLET AIR HEADER DIAMETER SIZED FOR INLET",
           " AIR VELOCITY =",F8.2," FT/SEC"/20X,"OUTLET ",
    3
            "AIR HEADER DIAMETER SIZED FOR UNIFORM FLOW DISTRIBUTION "
    4
            "AND MINIMUM HEADER LOSS"/20X, "INLET DIAMETER =",
    5
            F6.2," FT"/2ØX,"EXIT AIR DIAMETER AND VELOCITY GIVEN "
           "BELOW"/)
    6
     DO 700 I=1,NA
     I1=I-1
     AFRA=IAFRA+I1*AFRAI
     WRITE(6,130)
 13Ø FORMAT (1HØ, " LENGTH
                        VOLUME
                                                              DPG
                                 AREA
                                        P-A-EX
                                                P-G-IN DPA
    1 DPT
            T-A-EX
                     T-G-EX
                              HEIGHT
                                      NTU
                                           EFFECT
                                                    WEIGHT
                                                             HEADE
        VELOCITY"/"
                      FT
                             CU FT
                                     SQFT
                                            PSIA
                                                     PSIA
                                                            PCT
    3PCT
          PCT
                DEG R
                        DEG R
                                   FT
                                        ",1ØX,"PCT
                                                      LBS
                                                              DIA
          FT/SEC"/)
     DO 600 L=1,NL
     L1=L-1
     RLEN=RLENI+RLI*L1
     VOL=AFRA*RLEN
     PEXA=PINA+(1-DELPA)
     PING=PEXG*(1+DELPG)
C****** HEAT TRANSFER AND FREE FLOW AREAS ************
     PAA=BA/(BA+BG+2.*A)
     PAG=BG/(BA+BG+2.*A)
     ALHA=BETA*PAA
     ALHG=BETG*PAG
     AFRG=AFRA
     AA=ALHA*VOL
     AG=ALHG*VOL
     SIGA=ALHA*RHA
     SIGG=ALHG*RHG
     ACA=SIGA*AFRA
     ACG=SIGG*AFRG
     FLA=VOL/AFRA
     XNCFL=SQRT (AFRA)
     NXA=BXA
     NXG=BXG
     CMIN=1.
     CA=1.
     CG=1.
150 TEXA= E*(TING-TINA)*CMIN/CA+TINA
     TAVA=(TEXA+TINA) *.5
     CALL TRANSP (TAVA, Ø., CPA, KA, MUA, MA)
     TEXG= E*(TINA-TING)*CMIN/CG+TING
     TAVG=(TEXG+TING) +.5
     CALL TRANSP (TAVG, FAR, CPG, KG, MUG, MG)
C
C
     GA=WA/ACA
     NRA=4. *RHA*GA/MUA
     GG=WG/ACG
     NRG=4. *RHG*GG/MUG
```

```
C
  CALL STAT (TYPA, NSA, NRA, COLBFA, FA)
     IF (FA.EQ.Ø.)GO TO 700
     NPRA=CPA+MUA/KA
     NSTA=COLBFA/NPRA**.666
     HA=NSTA*GA*CPA*36ØØ.
     CALL STAT (TYPG, NSG, NRG, COLBFG, FG)
     IF(FG.EQ.Ø.) GO TO 700
     NPRG=CPG*MUG/KG
     NSTG=COLBFG/NPRG**. 666
     HG=NSTG*GG*CPG*36ØØ.
C
    MAL=SQRT((2.*HA)/(K*DELA/12.))
     MGL=SQRT((2.*HG)/(K*DELG/12.))
     LA=(BA/12.)/2.
     LG=(BG/12.)/2.
     MAL=MAL*LA
     MGL=MGL*LG
     ETAFA=TANH (MAL) /MAL
     ETAFG=TANH (MGL) /MGL
C
C********** SURFACE EFFECTIVENESS ***************
C
     ETAGA=1.-FRA*(1.-ETAFA)
     ETAOG=1.-FRG*(1.-ETAFG)
C
C*********** OVERALL COEFFICIENT OF HEAT TRANSFER **********
C
     RA=1./(ETAOA*HA)+1./((AG/AA)*ETAOG*HB)+1./(K/(A/12.))
     UA=1./RA
C********** INLET AND EXIT LOSS COEFFICIENTS ****************
C
     CCA=.6100000000001-.14442945071*SIGA+1.0080347435*SIGA**2
     CCA=CCA-1.7317560083*SIGA**3+1.1559407939*SIGA**4
     CCG=.610000000001-.14442945071*SIGG+1.0080347435*SIGG**2
     CCG=CCG-1.7317560083*SIGG**3+1.1559407939*SIGG**4
     NARA=NRA+1.E-4
     NARG=NRG*1.E-4
     KDA=1.1063960104-.13322445533*NARA+.11885428625*NARA**2
     KDA=KDA-. Ø3317Ø53Ø592*NARA**3
     KDG=1.1063960104-.13322445533*NARG+.11885428625*NARG**2
     KDG=KDG-.033170530592*NARG**3
     KCA=(1.-2.*CCA+CCA+*2*(2.*KDA-1.))/CCA**2
     KCG=(1.-2.*CCG+CCG**2*(2.*KDG~1.))/CCG**2
     KEA= 1.-2.*KDA*SIGA+SIGA**2
     KEG= 1.-2.*KDG*SIGG+SIGG**2
C
C#
  *********** PRESSURE DROPS *****************
C
     RHOEXA=PEXA/TEXA/RU+1728.
     RHOING=PING/TING/RU*1728.
     RHOEXG=PEXG/TEXG/RU+1728.
     VEXA=.636*VINA*SQRT(RHQINA/RHQEXA)
     DEXA=SQRT(4.*WA/RHOEXA/VEXA/PI)
     HINA=RHOINA/2./GC*VINA**2
```

```
DELPAH=.595*HINA/PINA/144.
     ILA=1.-SIGA**2+KCA
     ILG=1.-SIGG**2+KCG
     SPVA=PINA/PEXA*TEXA/TINA
     SPVG=PING/PEXG*TEXG/TING
     ELA=(1.-SIGA**2-KEA)*SPVA
     ELG=(1.-SIGG**2-KEG)*SPVG
     SPVAM=2.*PINA/(PINA+PEXA)*TAVA/TINA
     SPVGM=2.*PING/(PING+PEXG)*TAVG/TING
     CFA=FA*AA/ACA*SPVAM
     CFG=FG*AG/ACG*SPVGM
     FAA=2.*(SPVA-1.)
     FAG=2.*(SPVG-1.)
     TLA=ILA+FAA+CFA-ELA
     TLG=ILG+FAG+CFG-ELG
     LHGING=SQRT(XNCFL**2-DEXA**2)
     LHGEXG=SQRT(XNCFL**2-DINA**2)
     ANGEXG=ATAN(DINA/LHGEXG)
     ANGING=ATAN (DEXA/LHGING)
     ANGINA=PI/2.-ANGEXG
     ANGEXA=PI/2.-ANGING
     HFXG=1.+((DINA+DEXA)/2./FLA)
     HFXA=(LHGING/2.+FLA+LHGEXG/2.)/FLA
     DELPAC=(GA/144./PINA)**2/2./GC*1545./MA*TINA*TLA*HFXA
     DELPGC=(GG/144./PING)**2/2./GC*1545./MG*TING*TLG*HFXG
      AHCMINA=SIGA*DINA*XNCFL
     AHCMING=SIGG*XNCFL*LHGING
     VINAH1=WA/RHOINA/AHCMINA
     VINGH1=WG/RHOING/AHCMING
      VINAC1=VINAH1*COS(ANGINA)
     VINGC1=VINGH1*COS(ANGING)
     CALL BENDLOS (ANGINA, KBINA)
     CALL BENDLOS (ANGING, KBING)
      VINAM=SQRT((VINAH1**2+VINAC1**2)/2.)
     VINGM=SQRT((VINGH1**2+VINGC1**2)/2.)
      DELPAB1=RHOINA*KBINA/2./GC*VINAM**2
      DELPGB1=RHOING*KBING/2./GC*VINGM**2
      AHCMEXA=SIGA*DEXA*XNCFL
      AHCMEXG=SIGG*LHGEXG*XNCFL
      VEXAH2=WA/RHOEXA/AHCMEXA
      VEXGH2=WG/RHOEXG/AHCMEXG
      VEXAC2=VEXAH2*COS (ANGEXA)
      VEXGC2=VEXGH2*COS (ANGEXG)
      CALL BENDLOS (ANGEXA, KBEXA)
      CALL BENDLOS (ANGEXG, KBEXG)
      VEXAM=SQRT((VEXAH2**2+VEXAC2**2)/2.)
      VEXGM=SQRT((VEXGH2**2+VEXGC2**2)/2.)
      DELPAB2=RHOEXA+KBEXA/2./GC+VEXAM++2
      DELPGB2=RHOEXG*KBEXG/2./GC*VEXGM**2
      DELPAB=(DELPAB1+DELPAB2)/PINA/144.
      DELPGB=(DELPGB1+DELPGB2)/PING/144.
      DELPA=DELPAC+DELPAH+DELPAB
      DELPG=DELPGC+DELPGB
      PEXA=PINA*(1.-DELPA)
      PING=PEXG*(1.+DELPG)
      PCDELPA=100.*DELPA
      PCDELPG=100. *DELPG
C********* NTU AND HEAT EXCHANGER EFFECTIVENESS *************
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CA=WA*CPA*36ØØ.
      CG=WG*CPG*36ØØ.
      CMIN=AMIN1(CA,CG)
      CR=AMIN1(CMIN/CA, CMIN/CG)
      NTU=AA*UA/CMIN
  COUNTER-FLOW EFFECTIVENESS-NTU RELATIONSHIP
      X=EXP(-NTU*(1.-CR))
      NE=(1.-X)/(1.-CR*X)
      IF (ABS (NE/E-1.) .LT. ERROR) GO TO 300
      E=NE
      GO TO 15Ø
  300 TEXA=NE*(TING-TINA)*CMIN/CA+TINA
      TEXG=NE*(TINA-TING)*CMIN/CG+TING
      DELPT=DELPA+DELPG
      PCDELPT=100.*DELPT
      PCNE=100.*NE
C
       ****** WEIGHT CALCULATIONS OF THE HEAT EXCHANGER *****
      WTA=AA*RHO*(FRA*DELA*WFA + A*(1.-FRA)*WPA)/24.
      WTG=AG*RHO*(FRG*DELG*WFG + A*(1.-FRG)*WPG)/24.
      WPLA=15.*(4.*XNCFL*FLA+PI*XNCFL*(DINA+DEXA)+LHGING*DEXA
     2 +LHGEXG*DINA)
      WIE=(WTA+WTG)/VOL*(LHGING*DEXA*XNCFL+LHGEXG*DINA*XNCFL)/2.
      WHXT=WTA+WTG+WPLA+WIE
      OVALHT=DINA+DEXA+FLA
      WRITE(6,500)RLEN, VOL, AFRA, PEXA, PING, PCDELFA, PCDELPG, PCDELPT, TEXA,
                  TEXG, OVALHT, NTU, PCNE, WHXT, DEXA, VEXA
  500 FORMAT(F7.1,F9.1,F8.1,2F9.2,3F6.2,2F9.1,F9.2,F8.2,F8.2,F9.1,F9.2
      VINA=VINPUT
  600 CONTINUE
  700 CONTINUE
      GO TO 35
  999 STOP
      END
*DECK STATIS
      SUBROUTINE STAT (TYPE, NN, RE, NST, F)
C
C
      SUBROUTINE STAT RETURNS STANTON NUMBERS AND FRICTION FLOW DATA
      FOR THE TYPE HEAT EXCHANGER SPECIFIED
      INTEGER TYPE
      REAL NR.NST, IR. JR, KR.LR. IS. JS. KS.LS. MS.NS. MR
      DIMENSION AR(4,18), BR(4,18), CR(4,18), DR(4,18), ER(4,18), FR(4,18),
     #IR(4,18),JR(4,18),KR(4,18),LR(4,18),MR(4,18),NR(4,18),OR(4,18),
     *PR(4,18),QR(4,18),SR(4,18),TR(4,18),UR(4,18),VR(4,18),WR(4,18),
     *XR(4,18),YR(4,18),AS(4,18),BS(4,18),CS(4,18),DS(4,18),ES(4,18),
     *FS(4,18),GS(4,18),HS(4,18),IS(4,18),JS(4,18),KS(4,18),LS(4,18),
     *MS(4,18),NS(4,18),OS(4,18),PS(4,18),QS(4,18),RS(4,18),TS(4,18),
     *US(4,18),VS(4,18),WS(4,18),YS(4,18),XS(4,18),ZS(4,18)
     *,S(18),S1(18),S2(18),S3(18),C(14),D(14)
      DATA((S(I), I=1, 18) =
     *2.0,3.01,3.97,5.3,6.2,9.03,11.1,11.11,14.77,15.08,19.86,10.27,
     *11.94,12.00,16.96,25.79,30.33,46.45)
      DATA(((AR(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
     *60000.,50° 7.,40000.,30000.,25000.,20000.,15000.,12000.,10000.,800
     *Ø.,6000.,_100.,4000.,5*0.,.00228,.00237,.00248,.00264,.00274,.0028
     *8,.00305,.00320,.00333,.00347,.00363,.00373,.00379,5*0.,.00549,.00
     *562,.00579,.00601,.00616,.00638,.00672,.00703,.00734,.00778,.00847
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*,.00904,.01023,5*0.,0.8591,25.00,16*0.0)
DATA(((BR(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*45000.,40000.,30000.,25000.,20000.,15000.,12000.,10000.,8000.,6000
*.,5000.,4000.,3000.,5*0.,.00233,.00239,.00254,.00264,.00277,.00295
*,.00310,.00322,.00336,.00355,.00366,.00373,.00368,5*0...00602,.006
*08,.Ø0630,.00645,.Ø0667,.Ø07Ø0,.Ø0732,.Ø0762,.Ø0808,.Ø0886,.Ø0950,
*.Ø1Ø45,.Ø119Ø,5*Ø.,Ø.8591,25.ØØ,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((CR(N,J),J=1,1B),N=1,4)=
*35000.,30000.,25000.,20000.,15000.,12000.,10000.,8000.,6000.,5000.
*,4000.,3000.,2500.,5*0.,.00246,.00254,.00263,.00276..00291,.00302.
*.00316,.00330,.00348,.00357,.00367,.00367,.00357,5*0.,.00595..0060
*5,.Ø0620,.Ø0638,.Ø0667,.ØØ695,.ØØ720,.ØØ761,.ØØ826,.ØØ88Ø,.ØØ963,
*.Ø1110,.Ø1230,5*Ø.,Ø.8591,25.ØØ,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((DR(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*10000.,8000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.
*,800.,600.,5*0.,.00373,.00397,.00427,.00448,.00477,.00515,.00535,.
*Ø0554,.Ø0571,.Ø06Ø6,.Ø0654,.Ø0728,.Ø0851,5*Ø.,.Ø0764,.Ø08Ø6,.Ø087Ø
*,.00913,.00978,.0108,.0115,.0127,.0146,.0167,.0189,.0228,.0299,5*0
*.,Ø.7839,18.36,16*Ø.Ø)
DATA(((ER(N, J), J=1, 18), N=1, 4)=
*12000.,10000.,8000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200
*.,1000.,800.,5*0.,.00303,.00310,.00317,.00325,.00330,.00333,.00333
*,.00301,.00312,.00371,.00435,.00496,.00581,5*0.,.00708,.00735,.007
*68,.00807,.00838,.00875,.00923,.00958,.0103,.0127,.0152,.0176,.021
*1,5*Ø.,Ø.6251,17.24,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((FR(N,J),J=1,1B),N=1,4)=
*15000.,12000.,10000.,8000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,150
*Ø.,1200.,1000.,800.,4*0.,.00255,.00265,.00273,.00283,.00296,.00304
*,.00310,.00310,.00318,.00347,.00421,.00499,.00575,.00692,4*0.,.007
*08,.00740,.00763,.00799,.00842,.00870,.00903,.00980,.0106,.0122,
*.0152,.0182,.0214,.0262,4*0.,0.7233,21.40,16*0.0)
 DATA(((IR(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*10000.,8000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.
*.800.,600.,500.,4*0.,.00314,.00333,.00356,.00372,.00390,.00412,.00
*424,.00436,.00444,.00471,.00515,.00599,.00733,.00840,4*0.,.00878,.
*00923,.00971,.00991,.0103,.0112,.0119,.0139,.0149,.0169,.0190,.022
*8,.0294,.0350,4*0.,0.6471,17.80,16*0.0)
DATA(((JR(N, J), J=1, 18), N=1, 4)=
*10000.,8000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.
*,800.,600.,500.,4*0.,.00288,.00333,.00324,.00338,.00353,.00368,.00
*373,.00375,.00420,.00505,.00586,.00704,.00890..0103,4*0.,.00769,.0
*Ø807,.00862,.00900,.00958,.0105,.0112,.0119,.0137,.0166,.0198,.024
*3,.Ø319,.Ø38Ø,4*Ø.,Ø.78ØØ,19.19,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((KR(N,J),J=1,18), N=1,4)=
*10000.,8000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.
*,800.,600.,500.,4*0.,.00310,.00326,.00352,.00367,.00389,.00417,.00
*435,.00456,.00495,.00538,.00585,.00663,.00791,.00898,4*0.,.00920,.
*00955,.0101,.0106,.0112,.0123,.0133,.0147,.0173,.0202,.0231,.0274,
*.0346,.0403,4*0.,0.7021,20.94,16*0.0)
 DATA(((LR(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,600.,
*500.,6*0.,.00308,.00310,.00309,.00309,.00322,.00352,.00420,.00491,
*.00562,.00662,.00815,.00930,6*0.,.00882,.00900,.00925,.00970,.0104
*0,.01205,.0151,.0182,.0215,.0264,.0343,.0405,6*0.,0.7273,20.65,16*
#Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((MR(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*8000.,5000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,
*600.,500.,400.,4*0.,.00320,.00337,.00348,.00363,.00382,.00395,.004
*10,.00443,.00497,.00567,.00672,.00834,.00960,.0113,4*0.,.00851,.00
*900,.00931,.00972,.0104,.0112,.0123,.0142,.0167,.0197,.0242,.0314,
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*.Ø372,.Ø457,4*Ø.,Ø.7378,18.57,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((NR(N, J), J=1, 18), N=1, 4)=
*10000.,9000.,8000.,7000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2000.,1500.,1200.
*,1000.,800.,600.,500.,400.,2*0.,.00295,.00299,.00303,.00310,.00318
*,.00328,.00341,.00372,.00445,.00523,.00608,.00682,.00797,.00869,
*.Ø1101,.Ø129,2*Ø.,.Ø0723,.Ø0740,.Ø0763,.Ø0790,.Ø0826,.Ø0871..Ø0945
*,.01085,.01370,.01645,.0195,.0228,.0278..0357,.0419,.0511,2*0.,0.8
*373,20.42,16*0.0)
 DATA(((OR(N,J),J=1,18), N=1,4) =
*10000.,9000.,8000.,7000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2000.,1500.,1200.
*,1000.,800.,600.,500.,400.,300.,0.,.00294,.00302,.00309,.00317..00
*322,.00323,.00330,.00317,.00329,.00379,.00437,.00498,.00589,.00729
*,.00833,.00980,.01215,0.,.00716,.00730,.00755,.00782,.00819,.00856
*,.00885,.00956,.01145,.01350,.0159,.0181,.0220,.0285,.0336,.0411,
*.0535,0.,0.6541,16.25,16*0.0)
 DATA(((PR(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*8000.,7000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,
*600.,500.,400.,300.,200.,2*0.,.00302,.00312,.00322,.00333..00344,.
*00350,.00346,.00388,.00441,.00493,.00555,.00713,.00815,.00955,.011
*85,.01600,2*0.,.00851,.00881,.00928,.00980,.01045,.01128,.01285,.0
*1475,.0170,.0195,.0238,.0306,.0359,.0437,.0566,.0811,2*0..0.6541,1
*6.25,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((QR(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*5000.,4000.,3000.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,600.,500.,400.,300.
*,6*Ø.,.ØØ281,.ØØ281,.ØØ263,.ØØ268,.ØØ294,.ØØ338,.ØØ379,.ØØ448,.ØØ5
*61,.00658,.00796,.01020,6*0.,.00809,.00835,.00875,.00962,.01088,.0
*125,.Ø144,.Ø178,.Ø232,.Ø275,.Ø339,.Ø442,6*Ø.,Ø.6213,13.27,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((SR(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*3000.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,600.,500.,400.,300.,8*0.,.00277
*,.00312,.00354,.00401,.00450,.00529,.00670,.00782,.00942,.01193,
*8*Ø.,.ØØ831,.ØØ981,.Ø1165,.Ø134,.Ø153,.Ø185,.Ø24Ø,.Ø286,.Ø351,.Ø46
*Ø,8*Ø.,Ø.6555,13.8Ø,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((TR(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
#3000.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,500.,500.,400.,300.,8*0.,.00293
*,.00356,.00418,.00481,.00545,.00643,.00802,.00922,.0110,.0138,
*8*0.,.00981,.01185,.01395,.0162,.0189,.0230,.0302,.0361,.0448,.059
*5,8*Ø.,Ø.7352,17.85,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA((C(I), I=1, 14)=
*.375,.375,.500,.500,.375,.375,.1875,.250,.250,.375,.375,.500,.750,
*.75Ø)
 DATA((D(I), I=1, 14)=
*Ø.,1.,Ø.,1.,Ø.,1.,Ø.,Ø.,2.,Ø.,2.,Ø.,Ø.,2.)
 DATA((S1(I), I=1, 14) =
*11.1)
 DATA(((VR(N,J),J=1,18), N=1,4)=
#10000.,8000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.
*,800.,600.,500.,4*0.,.00551,.00593,.00651,.00690,.00738,.00805,.00
*849,.00900,.00970,.0104,.0112,.0124,.0144,.0160,4*0.,.0331,.0340,.
*Ø354,.Ø363,.Ø375,.Ø394,.Ø4Ø6,.Ø426,.Ø461,.Ø496,.Ø532,.Ø587,.Ø682,.
*Ø755,4*Ø.,1.28Ø9,37.75,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((WR(N, J), J=1, 18), N=1, 4) =
*10000.,8000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200..1000.
*,800.,500.,5*0.,.00638,.00688,.00760,.00810,.00878,.00970,.0102..0
*110,.0119,.0127,.0138,.0140,.0149,5*0.,.0494,.0510,.0531,.0547,.05
*68,.Ø596,.Ø620,.Ø646,.Ø696,.Ø745,.Ø795,.Ø860,.Ø962,5*Ø.,1.3119,57.
*72.16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((XR(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
#10000.,8000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.
*,800.,600.,5*0.,.00568,.00605,.00655,.00690,.00734,.00791,.00829,.
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*.0347,.0366,.0381,.0402,.0438,.0474,.0512,.0571,.0667,5*0.,1.2700,
*4Ø.Ø2,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((YR(N, J), J=1, 18), N=1, 4)=
*10000.,8000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.
*,800.,600.,5*0.,.00598,.00645,.00714,.00760,.00809,.00895,.00941,.
*Ø1ØØ,.Ø1ØB,.Ø113,.Ø11B,.Ø122,.Ø12B,5*Ø...Ø4ØØ,.Ø413,.Ø432,.Ø447,.Ø
*463,.0491,.0511,.0540,.0588,.0634,.0680,.0752,.0880,5*0.,1.1270.56
*.48,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((AS(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*10000.,8000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.
*,800.,600.,500.,4*0.,.00542,.00583,.00640,.00678,.00737,.00794..00
*835,.00885,.00951,.0103,.0112,.0126,.0149,.0169,4*0.,.0297,.0306,.
*Ø319,.Ø328,.Ø340,.Ø359,.Ø374,.Ø394,.Ø430,.Ø472,.Ø515,.Ø585,.Ø7ØØ,.
*0793,4*Ø.,1.31Ø8,4Ø.83,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((BS(N, J), J=1, 18), N=1, 4) =
*8000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,
*600.,500.,5*0.,.00630,.00690,.00730,.00790,.00870,.00950,.00980,.0
*106,.0113,.0121,.0131,.0145,.0154,5*0.,.0340,.0395,.0410,.0428,.04
*20,.0470,.0497,.0550,.0580,.0620,.0680,.0790,.0890,5*0.,1.2351,45.
*95,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((CS(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,600.,
*500.,6*0.,.00690,.00740,.00802,.00899,.00960,.0103,.0113,.0122,.01
*30,.0142,.0161,.0177,6*0.,.035D,.0367,.0390,.0426,.0452,.0491,.055
*3,.Ø610,.Ø662,.Ø738,.Ø848,.Ø925,6*0.,1.1946,44.25,16*0.Ø)
 DATA(((DS(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*8000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,
*600.,500.,5*0.,.00666,.00728,.00771,.00825,.00901,.00954,.0102,.01
*12,.Ø119,.Ø125,.Ø137,.Ø155,.Ø168,5*Ø.,.Ø3Ø9,.Ø333,.Ø351,.Ø374,.Ø4Ø
*8,.0461,.0464,.0512,.0558,.0600,.0670,.0772,.0850,5*0.,1.3333,44.4
*1,16*0.0)
 DATA(((ES(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*8000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,
*600.,500.,5*0.,.00701..00761..00800..00853..00922..00972..0103..01
*12,.Ø12Ø,.Ø12B,.Ø139,.Ø157..Ø17Ø,5*Ø.,.Ø349,.Ø364,.Ø375,.Ø39Ø..Ø41
*2,.Ø430,.Ø456,.Ø502,.Ø550,.Ø595,.Ø662,.Ø780,.Ø870,5*0.,1.3332,44.3
*9.16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((FS(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*10000.,8000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.
*,800.,600.,500.,4*0.,.00548,.00588,.00645..00684,.00793,.00811..00
*861,.00930,.0102,.0111,.0121,.0135,.0156,.0170,4*0...0242,.0253,.0
*271,.Ø283,.Ø3ØØ,.Ø326,.Ø346,.Ø375,.Ø423,.Ø469,.Ø513,.Ø528,.Ø7ØØ,.Ø
*796,4*Ø.,1.3455,4Ø.9Ø,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((GS(N, J), J=1, 18), N=1, 4)=
*8000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,
*600.,500.,5*0.,.00590..00650..00694..00752..00835..00889,.00960..0
*105,.0112,.0119,.0130,.0148,.0161,5*0.,.0257,.0271,.0281,.0296,.03
*19,.0336,.0363,.0406,.0442,.0483,.0550,.0659,.0741,5*0.,1.2~T4,38.
*3Ø,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((HS(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*8000.,6000.,6000.,5000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,
*600.,500.,5*0.,.00557..00604..00640..00680..00739..00777..00825..0
*0888,.00950,.0104,.0117,.0137,.0150,5*0.,.0220,.0233,.0242,.0255,.
#0271,.0283,.0299,.0332,.0368,.0410,.0474,.0570,.0641,5*0.,1.1843,3
*3,125,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((IS(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*10000.,B000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.
*,800.,600.,500.,4*0.,.00432,.00462,.00508,.00537,.00576,.00630,.00
*663,.00711,.00787,.00859,.00928,.0103,.0119,.0132,4*0.,.0151,.0158
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*,.Ø17Ø,.Ø17B,.Ø19Ø,.Ø2ØB,.Ø222,.Ø244,.Ø2B9,.Ø314,.Ø37Ø,.Ø427,.Ø516
*,.Ø58Ø,4*Ø.,1.Ø299,29.ØØ,16*Ø.Ø)
DATA(((JS(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*10000.,8000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.
*,800.,600.,500.,4*0.,.00440,.00469,.00510,.00537,.00572,.00621,.00
*655,.00699,.00762,.00831,.00894,.00981,.0112,.0122,4*0.,.0156,.016
*8,.Ø175,.Ø183,.Ø194,.Ø213,.Ø227,.Ø248,.Ø288,.Ø313,.Ø362,.Ø416,.Ø5Ø
*Ø,.Ø565,4*Ø.,Ø.9455,28.25,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA((S2(I), I=1,12)=
*11.1,12.22,15.2,13.95,11.94,15.4,12.18,15.75,20.06,19.82,16.12,
*16.ØØ)
 DATA(((KS(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*8000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,
*600.,500.,5*0.,.00525,.00580,.00620,.00669,.00740,.00789,.00850,.0
*0940,.0102,.0109,.0122,.0139,.0155,5*0.,.0197,.0209,.0218,.0231,.0
*253,.0272,.0298,.0348,.0394,.0438,.0500,.0595,.0665,5*0.,1.2012,33
*.25,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((LS(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*10000.,8000.,6000.,5000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.
*,800.,600.,500.,4*0.,.00629,.00688,.00770,.00828,.00903,.0101,.010
*8,.Ø119,.Ø133,.Ø146,.Ø156,.Ø171,.Ø192,.Ø2Ø5,4*Ø.,.Ø394,.Ø413,.Ø44Ø
*,.Ø458,.Ø487,.Ø530,.Ø560,.Ø607,.Ø680,.Ø752,.Ø826,.Ø942,.113,.130,
*4*Ø.,1.5887,65.ØØ.16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((MS(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200,1000.,800.,600.,500
*.,400.,300.,4*0.,.00850,.00896,.00959,.01040,.01110,.01177,.01267,
*.Ø1327,.Ø1373,.Ø1427,.Ø152Ø,.Ø158Ø,.Ø1675,.Ø181Ø,4*Ø.,.Ø487,.Ø498,
*.Ø516,.Ø540,.Ø558,.Ø584,.Ø628,.Ø676,.Ø726,.Ø8Ø0,.Ø913,.1Ø10,.1145,
*.139Ø,4*Ø.,Ø.981Ø,41.7Ø,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((NS(N, J), J=1, 18), N=1, 4)=
*6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,600.,
*500.,400.,5*0.,.01110,.01170,.01250,.0137,.0144,.0155,.0168,.0181,
*.0192,.0204,.0223,.0233,.0247,5*0.,.0650,.0664,.0684,.0712,.0733,.
*Ø765,.Ø817,.Ø87Ø,.Ø927,.1Ø2Ø,.117Ø,.131,.154,5*Ø.,1.6373,61.6Ø,16*
 DATA(((OS(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*7000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,B00.,600.,
*500.,400.,300.,4*0.,.00452,.00471,.00492,.00522,.00575,.00682..007
*44,.00830,.00911,.01045,.01255,.01415,.0166,.0205,4*0.,.0126,.0131
*,.Ø137,.Ø146,.Ø162,.Ø198,.Ø231,.Ø265,.Ø3Ø6,.Ø347,.Ø429,.Ø493,.Ø592
*,.Ø758,4*Ø.,1.111Ø,22.74,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((PS(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,600.,
*500.,400.,300.,4*0.,.00510,.00537,.00570,.00617,.00650,.00692,.007
*56,.00809,.00864,.00952,.01107,.01227,.01407,.0169,4*0.,.0167,.017
*5,.0186,.0202,.0213,.0228,.0255,.0283,.0314,.0362,.0443,.0507,.060
*1..0757.4*Ø.,Ø.9159.22.74.16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((QS(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*9000.,8000.,7000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2000.,1500.,1500.,1200.,1000.,
*800.,600.,500.,400.,300.,2*0.,.00512,.00530,.00557,.00591,.00635,.
*ØØ692,.ØØ782,.ØØ933,.Ø1Ø65,.Ø119,.Ø129,.Ø141,.Ø169,.Ø191,.ØØ23,.Ø2
*78,2*0.,.0183,.0184,.0189,.0196,.0203,.0218,.0241,.0290,.0341,.038
*8,.0438,.0490,.0592,.0695,.0808,.1025,2*0.,1.5067,29.60,16*0.0)
 DATA(((RS(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
*6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,600.,500.,7*0
*.,.00619,.00649,.00713,.00813,.00992,.01125,.0124,.0136,.0154,.018
*5,.0209,7*0.,.0203,.0211,.0227,.0248,.0294,.0339,.0386,.0440,.0499
*..Ø6Ø8,.Ø69Ø,7*Ø.,1.61ØØ,28.5Ø,16*Ø.Ø)
 DATA(((TS(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
```

*3000.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,600.,500.,10*0.,.00855..00995..

```
*Ø1115,.Ø12Ø,.Ø129,.Ø144,.Ø173,.Ø197,1Ø*Ø.,.Ø3Ø9,.Ø349,.Ø3B7,.Ø422,
   *.Ø459,.Ø52Ø,.Ø621,.Ø699,1Ø*Ø.,1.5267,29.65,16*Ø.Ø)
   DATA(((US(N, J), J=1, 18), N=1, 4) =
   *3000.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,600.,500.,10*0.,.00880,.01015..
   *Ø1155,.Ø128,.Ø139,.Ø154,.Ø18Ø,.Ø2Ø2,1Ø*Ø.,.Ø42Ø,.Ø45Ø,.Ø492,.Ø535,
   *.Ø577,.Ø64Ø,.Ø747,.Ø832,1Ø*Ø.,1.5546,31.7Ø,16*Ø.Ø)
   DATA(((VS(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
   *5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,600.,500.,
   *400.,300.,5*0.,.00721,.00764,.00822,.00859,.00908,.00987,.01060,.0
   *1123,.Ø12Ø5,.Ø1352,.Ø15Ø,.Ø176,.Ø266,5*Ø.,.Ø31Ø,.Ø315,.Ø334,.Ø357,
   *.0379,.0400,.0429,.0464,.0517,.0607,.0679,.0781,.0937,5*0.,1.2249.
   *28.11,16*Ø.Ø)
   DATA(((WS(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
   *5000.,4000.,3000.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,600.,500.,8*0...007
   *78,.00838,.00925,.01085,.01205,.0132,.0142,.0159,.0188,.0209,8*0.,
   *.0295,.0307,.0328,.0373,.0418,.0460,.0502,.0568,.0675,.0765,8*0..
   *1.6197,33.45,16*Ø.Ø)
   DATA((S3(I), I=1,3) =
   *11.44,11.5,17.8)
   DATA(((YS(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
   *8000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,
   *600.,500.,5*0.,.00712,.00794,.00846,.00920,.01025,.0110,.0119,.013
   *2,.0144,.0153,.0165,.0175,.0179,5*0.,.0359,.0401,.0430..0469,.0524
   *,.Ø563,.Ø615,.Ø691,.Ø758,.Ø819,.Ø888,.Ø984,.1Ø45,5*Ø.,1.3812,49.8Ø
   *,16*Ø.Ø)
   DATA(((XS(N,J),J=1,18), N=1,4)=
   *10000.,8000.,6000.,5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.
   *,800.,600.,500.,400.,3*0.,.00686,.00746,.00831,.00890,.00970,.0107
   *7,.Ø1155,.Ø126,.Ø140,.Ø150,.Ø158,.Ø167,.Ø178,.Ø185,.Ø194,3*Ø.,.Ø33
   *1,.Ø357,.Ø398,.Ø427,.Ø467,.Ø525,.Ø567,.Ø625,.Ø7Ø4,.Ø779,.Ø845,.Ø92
   *6,.1035,.111,.118,3*0.,1.2860,47.20,16*0.0)
   DATA(((ZS(N,J),J=1,18), N=1,4)=
   *5000.,4000.,3000.,2500.,2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,600.,8*0.,.00
   *675,.00740,.00835,.00900,.00982,.0110,.0120,.0129,.0142,.0158,8*0.
   *,.0293,.0320,.0358,.0385,.0421,.0478,.0530,.0579,.0643,.0738,8*0.,
   *1.3911,44.2B,16*Ø.Ø)
    DATA(((UR(N,J),J=1,18),N=1,4)=
   *2000.,1500.,1200.,1000.,800.,600.,500.,11*0.,.00294..00349,.00418,
   *.00482,.00581,.00735,.00856,11*0.,.00118,.0135,.0157,.0183,.0228,.
   *Ø3Ø1,.Ø359,11*Ø.,Ø.6454,17.85,16*Ø.Ø)
    GO TO (100,1000,3000,5000), TYPE
100 GO TO (110,120,130,140,150,200,210,220,230,240,250,260,270,280,290
   *.300,310,320),NN
110 CALL INT(AR, RE, NST, F), RETURNS(6000)
120 CALL INT(BR, RE, NST, F), RETURNS(6000)
130 CALL INT(CR,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
140 CALL INT(DR, RE, NST, F), RETURNS(6000)
150 CALL INT(ER, RE, NST, F), RETURNS(6000)
200 CALL INT(FR, RE, NST, F), RETURNS(6000)
21Ø CALL INT(IR, RE, NST, F), RETURNS(6000)
220 CALL INT (JR, RE, NST, F), RETURNS (6000)
230 CALL INT(KR, RE, NST, F), RETURNS(6000)
240 CALL INT(LR, RE, NST, F), RETURNS(6000)
250 CALL INT(MR, RE, NST, F), RETURNS(6000)
260 CALL INT(NR, RE, NST, F), RETURNS(6000)
270 CALL INT(OR, RE, NST, F), RETURNS(6000)
280 CALL INT(PR,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
290 CALL INT(QR,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
300 CALL INT(SR,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
310 CALL INT(TR,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
```

```
320 CALL INT(UR, RE, NST, F), RETURNS(6000)
1000 GO TO (1100,1200,1300,1400,1500,1600,1700,1800,1900,2000,2100,
     *22ØØ,23ØØ,24ØØ),NN
1100 CALL INT(VR, RE, NST, F), RETURNS(6000)
1200 CALL INT(WR, RE, NST, F), RETURNS(6000)
1300 CALL INT(XR,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
1400 CALL INT(YR, RE, NST, F), RETURNS(6000)
1500 CALL INT(AS, RE, NST, F), RETURNS(6000)
1600 CALL INT(BS,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
1700 CALL INT(CS,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
 1800 CALL INT(DS,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
1900 CALL INT(ES,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
2000 CALL INT(FS,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
2100 CALL INT(GS,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
2200 CALL INT(HS, RE, NST, F), RETURNS(6000)
2300 CALL INT(IS,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
2400 CALL INT (JS, RE, NST, F), RETURNS (6000)
3000 GO TO (3100,3200,3300,3400,3500,3600,3700,3800,3900,4000,4100,4200
     *) NN
3100 CALL INT(KS,RE,N3T,F),RETURNS(6000)
3200 CALL INT(LS,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
3300 CALL INT(MS,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
3400 CALL INT(NS,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
3500 CALL INT(OS,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
3600 CALL INT(PS,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
3700 CALL INT(QS,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
3800 CALL INT(RS, RE, NST, F), RETURNS(6000)
3900 CALL INT(TS,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
4000 CALL INT(US,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
4100 CALL INT(VS,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
 4200 CALL INT(WS,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
5000 GO TO (5100,5200,5300,6000),NN
5100 CALL INT(YS, RE, NST, F), RETURNS(6000)
5200 CALL INT(XS,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
5300 CALL INT(ZS,RE,NST,F),RETURNS(6000)
6000 RETURN
      END
*DECK SURF
      SUBROUTINE SURF (TYPE,NS,A1,B1,SF,PS,RH,DEL,BET,FR,WF,WP)
      INTEGER TYPE
      DIMENSION S(4, 18, 12)
      DATA(((S(1,I,N),N=1,12),I=1,18)=
     * 1.,.0000,0., 2.00,.750,.04740,.032,12.000,
                                                    76.1,.606,1.693,1.068
     *,2.,.0000,0., 3.01,.750,.03546,.032,12.000,
                                                    98.3,.706,1.460,1.107
     *,3.,.0000,0., 3.97,.750,.02820,.032,12.000, 119.4,.766,1.353,1.145
     *,4.,.0000,0., 5.30,.470,.02016,.006, 2.490, 188.0,.719,1.013,1.033
     *,5.,.0000,0., 6.20,.405,.01820,.010, 1.200, 204.0,.728,1.408,1.066
     *,6.,.0000,0., 9.03,.823,.01522,.008, 1.170, 244.0,.888,1.010,1.078
     *,7.,.0000,0.,11.10,.250,.01012,.006, 2.500, 367.0,.756,1.032,1.071
     *,8.,.0000,0.,11.11,.480,.01153,.008, 8.000, 312.0,.854,1.000,1.089
     *,9.,.0000,0.,14.77,.330,.00848,.006, 2.510, 420.0,.844,1.018,1.097
     1,0.,.0000,0.,15.08,.418,.00876,.006, 6.840, 414.0,.870,1.014,1.100
     1,1.,.0000,0.,19.86,.250,.00615,.006, 2.510, 561.0,.849,1.024,1.135
     1,2.,.0000,0.,10.27,.544,.01259,.010, 5.000, 289.9,.863,1.018,1.114
     1,3.,.0000,0.,11.94,.249,.00940,.006, 5.000, 393.0,.769,1.023,1.077
     1,4.,.0000,0.,12.00,.250,.00941,.006, 2.500, 392.7,.773,1.023,1.078
     1,5.,.0000,0.,16.96,.256,.00565,.006, 5.000, 607.8,.861,1.009,1.113
     1,6.,.0000,0.,25.79,.204,.00377,.006, 2.500, 855.6,.884,1.012,1.183
     1,7.,.0000,0.,30.33,.345,.00401,.006, 2.500, 812.5,.928,1.008,1.223
     1,8.,.0000,0.,46.45,.100,.00264,.002, 2.630,1332.5,.837,1.020,1.102
```

```
* )
     DATA(((S(2, I, N), N=1, 12), I=1, 14)=
    * 1.,.3750,0., 6.06,.250,.01460,.006, 0.055, 256.0,.640,1.024,1.038
    *,2.,.3750,1., 6.06,.250,.01460,.006, 0.130, 256.0,.640,1.024,1.038
    *,3.,.5000,0., 6.06,.250,.01460,.006, 0.055, 256.0,.640,1.024,1.038
    *,4.,.5000,1., 6.06,.250,.01460,.006, 0.130, 256.0,.640,1.024,1.038
    *,5.,.3750,0., 8.70,.250,.01196,.006, 0.055, 307.0,.705,1.024,1.055
    *,6.,.3750,1., 8.70,.250,.01196,.006, 0.080, 307.0,.705,1.024,1.055
    *,7.,.1875,Ø.,11.10,.250,.01012,.006, 0.055, 367.0,.756,1.024,1.071
    *,8.,.2500,0.,11.10,.250,.01012,.006, 0.035, 367.0,.756,1.024,1.071
    *,9.,.2500,2.,11.10,.250,.01012,.006. 0.055, 367.0,.756,1.024,1.071
    1,0.,.3750,0.,11.10,.250,.01012,.006, 0.055, 367.0,.756,1.024,1.071
    1,1.,.3750,2.,11.10,.250,.01012,.006, 0.055, 367.0,.756,1.024,1.071
    1,2.,.5000,0.,11.10,.250,.01012,.006, 0.055, 367.0,.756,1.024,1.071
    DATA(((S(3,I,N),N=1,12), I=1,12)=
    * 1.,.2500,0.,11.10,.250,.01012,.006, 0.250, 367.0,.756,1.024,1.071
    *,2.,.0938,0.,12.22,.485,.01120,.004, 0.094, 340.0,.862,1.000,1.108
    *,3.,.1250,0.,15.20,.414,.00868,.006, 0.125, 417.0,.873,1.015,1.222
    *,4.,.1250,0.,13.95,.375,.00879,.010, 0.125, 381.0,.840,1.027,1.385
    *,5.,.5000,0.,11.94,.237,.00744,.006, 0.500, 461.0,.796,1.512,1.072
    *,6.,.2500,0.,15.40,.206,.00527,.006, 0.250, 642.0,.816,1.404,1.102
    *,7.,.1667,Ø.,12.18,.353,.ØØ885,.ØØ4, Ø.178, 422.Ø,.847,1.362,1.Ø51
    *,8.,.1429,Ø.,15.75,.3Ø4,.ØØ679,.ØØ4, Ø.143, 526.Ø,.859,1.327,1.Ø67
    *,9.,.1250,0.,20.06,.201,.00489,.004, 0.125, 698.0,.843,1.373,1.087
     1,0.,.1250,0.,19.82,.205,.00509,.004, 0.125, 680.0,.841,1.377,1.086
    1,1.,.1250,0.,16.12,.206,.00611,.006, 0.125, 660.0,.823,1.381,1.107
     1,2.,.1250,0.,16.00,.255,.00514,.006, 0.125, 550.0,.845,1.366,1.106
     DATA(((S(4, I, N), N=1, 12), I=1, 3)=
    * 1.,.3750,0.,11.48,.413,.01060,.006, 0.078, 351.0,.847,1.015,1.074
    *,2.,.3750,0.,11.50,.375,.00993,.010, 0.07B, 347.0,.B22,1.027,1.130
     *,3.,.3750,0.,17.80,.413,.00696,.006, 0.078, 514.0,.892,1.015,1.120
     A1=S(TYPE,NS,2)
     B1=S(TYPE,NS,3)
     SF=S(TYPE,NS,4)
     PS=S(TYPE,NS.5)
     RH=S(TYPE,NS,6)/4.
     DEL=S(TYPE,NS.7)
     BET=S(TYPE,NS,9)
     FR=S(TYPE,NS,10)
     WF=S(TYPE,NS,11)
     WP=S(TYPE,NS,12)
     RETURN
      END
*DECK DEFAULT
      BLOCK DATA DEFAULT
C
C
      DEFAULT VALUES FOR NAMELIST INDATA
C
      REM.
          IAFRA
      COMMON/INPUT/TYPA, NSA, TYPG, NSG, RLENI, RLI, NL, IAFRA, AFRAI, NA, WA, PINA
                   ,TINA,PEXG,WG,TING,FAR,VINPUT
C
      DATA TYPA, NSA, TYPG, NSG /1, 7, 1, 7 /
      DATA RLENI, RLI, NL, IAFRA, AFRAI, NA /3.0, 1.0, 5, 25, 25.0, 4 /
      DATA WA, PINA, TINA /90.0, 116.4, 1040.5 /
      DATA WG, PEXG, TING /101.45, 14.90, 1646.4 /
```

```
DATA FAR, VINPUT /Ø.Ø145, 9Ø.Ø /
C
      END
*DECK INTERP
      SUBROUTINE INT(NR, RE, NST, F), RETURNS(A)
      REAL NR. NST
      DIMENSION NR (4,18)
      N=\emptyset
      N=N+1
      J = \emptyset
    5 J=J+1
      IF(RE.LT.NR(N,J)) GO TO 5
      IF(J.EQ.1) GO TO 19
      IF(NR(1,J).EQ.Ø.) GO TO 10
      X=NR(1,J-1)-NR(1,J)
      Y=NR(1,J-1)-RE
      Z=Y/X
      NST=Z*(NR(2,J)-NR(2,J-1))
      NST=NR(2,J-1)+NST
      F=Z*(NR(3,J)-NR(3,J-1))
      F=NR(3,J-1)+F
      GO TO 2Ø
   10 F=NR(4,2)/RE
      NST=NR(4,1)/RE**\emptyset.7
      GO TO 2Ø
   19 WRITE(6,15) RE
   15 FORMAT(1X, "REYNOLDS NUMBER OUT OF RANGE OF PROGRAMMED TABLES = ",
     1F1Ø.1)
      NST=Ø.
      F=Ø.
   20 RETURN A
      END
*DECK TRANSP
      SUBROUTINE TRANSP(T, FAR, CP, TK, MU, MW)
      REAL MU, MUA, MUF, MUG, MW
C
      DATA A1,A2,A3,A4,A5,A6,A7,A8/1.Ø11554ØE-25,-1.452677ØE-21,
     A7.6215767E-18,-1.5128259E-14,-6.7178376E-12,6.5519486E-Ø8,
     B-5.1536879E-Ø5,2.5Ø2ØØ51E-Ø1/
      DATA B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B6, B7, B8/7. 2678710E-25, -1.3335668E-20,
     A1.0212913E-16,-4.2051104E-13,9.9686793E-10,-1.3771901E-06,
     B1.225863ØE-Ø3,7.3816638E-Ø2/
      DATA C1,C2,C3,C4,C5,C6,C7/-6.2176401E-22,7.1827364E-18,
     A-3.1410386E-14,6.7214720E-11,-7.5336781E-8,6.1979074E-5,
     B-4.81E-3/
      DATA D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7/1.0404582E-19,-7.5213293E-16,
     A2.1637607E-12,-3.1593096E-9,2.4649233E-6,-9.0800204E-4,1.1073E-1/
      DATA E1, E2, E3, E4, E5, E6, E7/2.4724974E-21, -1.6756272E-17,
     A4.1505396E-14,-3.9906519E-11,-9.1347177E-9,8.8743855E-5,
     B2.98E-3/
      DATA F1,F2,F3,F4,F5,F6,F7/-2.0255169E-19,1.4196996E-15,
     A-3.9713025E-12.5.6582466E-9.-4.3414613E-6.1.8135009E-3.-3.3929E-1/
```

```
C
      IF(T .LT. 500. .OR. T .GT. 2000.) GO TO 100
      IF(FAR .LT. Ø.Ø .OR. FAR .GT. Ø.Ø34826) GO TO 100
      CPA=((((((A1*T+A2)*T+A3)*T+A4)*T+A5)*T+A6)*T+A7)*T+A8
      CP=CPA
      IF(FAR.EQ.Ø.) GO TO 3Ø
      CPF=((((((B1*T+B2)*T+B3)*T+B4)*T+B5)*T+B6)*T+B7)*T+B8
      CPG=(CPA+FAR*CPF)/(1.+FAR)
      CP=CPG
   3Ø TKA=(((((C1*T+C2)*T+C3)*T+C4)*T+C5)*T+C6)*T+C7
      TK=TKA/3600.
      IF(FAR.EQ.Ø.) GO TO 4Ø
      TKF=(((((D1*T+D2)*T+D3)*T+D4)*T+D5)*T+D6)*T+D7
      TKG=(TKA+FAR*TKF)/(1.+FAR)
      TK=TKG/3600.
   40 MUA=(((((E1*T+E2)*T+E3)*T+E4)*T+E5)*T+E6)*T+E7
      MU=MUA/3600.
      IF(FAR.EQ.Ø.Ø) GO TO 5Ø
      MUF=(((((F1*T+F2)*T+F3)*T+F4)*T+F5)*T+F6)*T+F7
      MUG=(MUA+FAR*MUF)/(1.+FAR)
      MU=MUG/36ØØ.
   50 MW=28.97-.946186*FAR
      RETURN
  100 WRITE (6, 101) T, FAR
  101 FORMAT(10X,25HTRANSP INPUT OUT OF RANGE,5X,7HTEMP = ,F0.2,5X,6HFAR
     * = F7.4
      RETURN
      END
*DECK BENDLOS
      SUBROUTINE BENDLOS(X,Y)
C
      Z=X*57.29578
      Y=.2922713E-01-.2639695E-02*Z+.2272872E-03*Z**2-.1850293E-05*Z**3+
     2 .3655184E-07*Z**4-.449784E-09*Z**5+.2088911E-11*Z**6
C
      RETURN
      END
```

APPENDIX B

MAIN PROGRAM VARIABLES

plate thickness, in AA/G total heat transfer, ft² minimum free flow area, ft² ACA/G frontal area, ft² AFRA/G value of frontal area increase per iteration, ft2 **AFRAI** AHCMEXA/G header core matrix exit area, ft² header core matrix inlet area. ft² AHCMINA/G ALHA/G ratio of total transfer on one side to total volume of exchanger ANGEXA/G header core exit angle, radians ANGINA/G header core inlet angle, radians AXA/G fins/in BA/G plate spacing, in ratio of total heat transfer area to volume between plates, ft²/ft³ BETA/G BXA/G denotes different fins capacity rate, BTU/(hr °R) CA/G CCA/G jet contraction-area ratio CFA/G pressure effect core friction CMIN minimum flow-stream capacity rate, BTU/(hr °R) COLBFA/G Colburn factor CPA/G specific heat, BTU/(hr °R) CR minimum capacity rate ratio DELA/G fin thickness, in DELPA/G total pressure loss on one side DELPAB/GB bend pressure loss DELPAB1/GB1 inlet bend pressure loss DELPAB2/GB2 exit bend pressure loss DELPAC/GC core pressure loss DELPAH air-side header pressure loss DELPT total heat exchanger pressure loss DEXA air-side exit header diameter, ft

air-side inlet header diameter, ft

DINA

E heat exchanger effectiveness

ELA/G pressure loss exit effects

ERROR heat exchanger effectiveness tolerance

ETAFA fin effectiveness

ETAOA/G surface effectiveness

FA/G friction factor

FAA/G pressure effect flow acceleration

FAR fuel to air ratio

FLA free stream counter-flow length, ft

FRA/G fin area/total area

GA/G flow stream mass velocity, $lb_m/(hr ft^2)$

GC gravitational constant in Newton's second law, $lb_m ft/(lb_f sec^2)$

HA/G unit film conductance, BTU/(hr ft² °R)

HFXA/G ratio factor used in core pressure loss to account for matrix in

headers

HINA air-side dynamic velocity, lb_f/ft^2

I counter

IAFRA initial frontal area, ft²

ILA/G pressure loss entrance effects

Il counter

K unit thermal conductivity, BTU/(hr ft² °R/ft)
KA/G fluid thermal conductivity, BTU/(hr ft °R)

KBEXA/G exit bend loss coefficient
KBINA/G inlet bend loss coefficient
KCA/G contraction-loss coefficient

KDA/G momentum velocity-distribution coefficient

KEA/G expansion-loss coefficient

L counter

LA/G fin length from root to center, ft

LHGEXG exit gas-side header length, ft

LHGING inlet gas-side header length, ft

L1 counter

MA/G molecular weight

MAL/GL fin effectiveness parameter

viscosity coefficient, lbm/(hr ft) MUA/G

number of frontal area interations NA

Revnolds number to the 10^{-4} NARA/G NE heat exchanger effectinvess NL. number of length interation

NPRA/G Prandtl number Reynolds number NRA/G

NSA/G surface number used as input parameter

NSTA/G Staton number

NTU number of heat transfer units

NXA/G denotes different fins

overall length of heat exchanger enclosure, ft **OVALHT** PAA/G percent area opening on one side to total area

PCDELPA/G percent total pressure drop on one side, %

PCDELPT percent total pressure drop of heat exchanger, %

percent heat exchanger effectiveness, % **PCNE** outlet pressure on one side, lbs/in² PEXA/G

PΙ π - constant = 3.1416

inlet pressure on one side, $1b_f/in^2$ PINA/G

parameter used in overall coefficient of heat transfer, RA

hr ft² °R/BTU

hydraulic radius, ft RHA/G

density of heat exchanger material, $1b_m/ft^3$ RHO

exit density of fluid on one side of heat exchanger headers, $1b_m/ft^3$ RHOEXA/G inlet density of fluid on one side of heat exchanger headers, lb_m/ft^3 RHOINA/G

RLEN flow length, ft

initial flow length, ft RLENI

RL I value of length increase per iteration, ft

RU gas constant, in-1b_f/(1b_m $^{\circ}$ R)

SFA/G fins/in

ratio of free-flow area to frontal area SIGA/G

specific volume, $ft^3/1b_m$ SPVA/G

mean conditions specific volume, $ft^3/1b_m$ SPYAM/GM

TAVA/G average temperature, °R TEXA/G outlet temperature, °R

TINA/G inlet temperature, °R

TLA/G sum of pressure loss effects

TYPA/G fin type

UA overall coefficient of heat transfer, BTU/(hr ft² °R)

VEXA air-side exit header velocity, ft/sec

VEXAC2/GC2 core exit velocity, ft/sec
VEXAH2/GH2 header exit velocity, ft/sec
VEXAM/GM mean exit velocity, ft/sec

VINA air-side inlet header velocity, ft/sec

VINAC1/GC1 inlet core velocity, ft/sec VINAH1/GH1 inlet header velocity, ft/sec VINAM/GM mean inlet velocity, ft/sec

VINPUT input velocity, ft/sec

VOL volume, ft³

WA/G mass flow rate, 1b/sec

WFA/G factor to account for non-extended fin suface weight

WHXT heat exchanger weight, 1b

WIE estimated weight of header. 1b

WPA/G factor to account for plate in weight calculations

WPLA total weight of enclosure, 1b

WTA/G total weight of fins and plate, 1b

X expontial variable used in effectiveness calculations

XNCFL heat exchanger non-flow length, ft

NOTE:

A/G air or gas-side

APPENDIX C
OUTPUT FOR SAMPLE CASES

CORE HE	HEAT TRANSFER SUPFACE	ER SUPF	ACE		A I R	A 18-5 10E				GAS-SIN	ř				
		TYPE AND PLATE SPA HYDABULIC FIN THICK COMPACINE FIN/TOTAL	TYPE AND FIN DETAIL PLAIF SPACING HYDARALIC KADIUS FIN INICKNESS COMPACINESS FINTOTAL AREA	A 1.	1-0.425. 0.425. 0.425. 0.425. 0.425.	à	-11.10 FT IN SAFT/CUFT FI/FI		<u>.</u>	. 1550 . 00253 . 00255 . 9460 367.0	0-11.10 IN FT IN SQFF/CUFT FT/FT	<u>.</u>			
HEAT EX	EXCHANGER CONDITIONS	ON01110	SN		A I R-	AIR-SIDE INLE	NLET			GAS-SIDE INL	DE THLE	_	6AS-S10E	E EXII	
		MASSFLOW PRFSSURE IF 4PERATUR FUFL-AIR	LOW LUSE RATURE AIK PATIO		90.00 111.90 794.50		L1/SEC PSIA BEG R			101.49 LB/S 1641.30 0FG	LB/SEC _ 0FG R		14.90	PS1A	
HE ADEP	HEADER DFSIGN DETAILS	IAILS													
		INL'T AIR OUTLET AIR INLET DIAR EXIT. AIR U	INL-T AIR HEADEY DIAMETER SIZED FOR INLET AIR VELOCITY = 90.00 FIZEC OUTLET AIR HEADE? DIANLTER SIZED FOR UNIFORM FLOW DISTRIDUTION AND MINIMUM HEADIR LOSS INLET DIAMETER = 1.11 FT EXIT. AIF UIAMETER ANJ VELOCITY GIVEN BELOW	E DIAMETI JE DIAME 11.81 ER ANJ V	ER SIZ TER SI FI ELOGII	<u>e</u> d For 250 Fo 7 GIVE	INLET OR UNIFO	AIR VELO Drm flow M	CITY = 9 NISTRIBUTI	0.00 FT/S	SEC SEC	FAUER LO	S		
LENGTH FT	VOLUME CU FT	AREA SQF I	P-A-EX FS1A	P-6-1N PS IA	PCT	0P6 PCT	0P 1	1-A-EX Df G R	1-G-Ex DEG R	нЕ I GHT F I	2	EFFECT PCT	WE I GHT LBS	HEADER Dia fi	VELOCIT FT/SEC
3.0	15.0	8.55	110.74	19.58		31.41	\$2.44	1424.8	1100.7	7.46	2.43	74.85	8788.9	2.65	17.74
0 G	100.0	25.0	110.62	19.39	1.15	34.18	15.33	1476.0	1054.3	64.6	3.23	90.00	10323.8	2.67	79.14
9	151.0	25.0	110.37	20.92		40.40	41.77	1535.1	9.998	18.52	, , , ,	37.66	11954.6	2. 20	80.08
7.0	175.0	25.0	119.25	21,35		43.30	44.77	1953.5	982.7	11.53	5.04	69.80	15147.3	2.11	01.36
LENGIH FT	VOLUM. CU FI	APEA	F-A-EX PSIA	P-C-IN	PCI	90 G	PCI	1-A-FX 066 R	1-6-EX DEG R	HE I GHI F T	J.	EFFECT PCT	HETCHT LBS	HEADER DIA FT	VELOCI F FT/SEC
9.6	150.1	0. ns	111.27	16.75	•50	12.44	13.01	1461.5	1067.4	7.40	2.97	79.12	16 504.4	2.66	78.55
 	250.0	50.0	111.23	17.43		14.30	14.90	1507.4	1025.5	8.50 3.51	3,95 4,93	34.44	19558.8	2.68 2.70	79.77
9.0 7.0	340.0	50.1	111.14	17.51		17.54	18.22	1558.8	977.7	10.52	5.41 6.49	90.42	25642.2	2.72	81.17
LENGTH	VOLUME	ARFA	P-A-Ex	N1-9-4	DPA	960	100	1-A-Ex	#-6-E	HE I GH1	E N	EFFECT	WEIGHT	HFADER	VFL OCT
E	CU F1	S0r 1	PS IA	PSIA	PCI	PC	PCT	Or G R	0EG R	-		PCT	188	DIA FT	FT/SEC
3.0	225.0	15.4	111.43	15.93	. 42	6.90	7.32	1478.2	1052.2	7.48	3.28	81.05	24068.8	2.17	78.94
•	3.0.0	75.9	111.41	16.08	*	7.92	8.35	1521.4	1012.5	8.58	4,36	96.87	28532.2	2.69	60.00
9.	450.0	75.0	111.37	16.37	* 3	9.30	10.56	1569.1	968.1	10.53	6.53	91.62	37420.0	2 2	61.35
:	565.0	75.0	111.35	16.52	.5	10.46	11.36	1583.5	954.6	11.53	7.61	93.28	41954.6	2.12	61.73
LENGTH FI	VOLUME CU FT	SOFI	F-A-FX PCIA	P-6-14	PCT	10 G	1 de 1	1-A-EX	1-6-Ex	HE I GHI	2	eFFECT PCT	THOI 3M	HFADER	VELOCIT
•					.	;	;	i i	:	•		}	į		36.
., ,	3.00.0	100.0	111.50	15.61	٠ ت	4.74	5.16	1501.4	1031.0	7.49	3.60	13.74	31 5 34 . 6	2.58	79.53
2.5	200.0	100.0	111.46	15.42	: :	6.15	6.54	1565.8	971.2	9.52	5. 51	41.23	43221.4	2.2	81.23
••	2.007	1001	-	15.92	3	6.45	1.25	1543.0	955.1	10.53	1.57	93.23	0.5064	2:2	81.68
:	0.00	700.0	111.45	16.06	74.	1.54	7.96	1595.5	9.03.4	11.54	A. 8 S	44.67	54462.5	2.12	82.81

	A113013A	68.93 69.78 78.37 78.82	FELOCITY FELSEC 69.33 70.98 70.93 71.19	VELOCITY FT/SEC 69.58 78.27 78.27 71.85	VELOCITY F17SFC 70.61 71.06 71.65
DE FXIT PSIA 15	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	2.05 2.05 2.05 2.05 2.05 2.05	HEADER OIA FI 2.85 2.85 2.85 2.87	HFADER DIA FT 2.84 2.85 2.86 2.87 2.87	MEADER DIA FI 2.85 2.86 2.87 2.87 2.87
6AS-SIDE	SS WEIGHT	~~~	MEIGNT LBS 17118.9 20164.9 23283.7 26238.9 29271.3	LBS 24989.4 29448.2 33841.2 38315.7	METGMT LRS 82750.8 365780.0 44412.9 562430.2
	EAUER LO	74.73	FFECT PCI 78.60 84.24 87.78 99.27	FFECT FCT 61.08 64.19 91.67 93.33	PCI PCI PCI PCI PCI PCI PCI PCI PCI PCI
-11.10 IN IN IN IN IN SQFI/CUFI FI/FI JIDE IMLEF LB/SEC LB/SEC LB/SEC LB/SEC LB/SEC LB/SEC LB/SEC	SEC NIMUA H NTU	2.25 4.25 4.86 5.87	2.97 3.95 4.93 5.91 6.89	NTU 3.32 5.54 5.53 7.74	N 10 7.95 7.57 7.64
6AS-SID -0.0100-*-1 -2500 II -00253 F -00253 F -002	ADER DIAMETER SIZED FOR INLET AIP VELOCITY * 90.00 F1/SEC EADLR DIAMETER SIZED FOR UNIFORM FLOM DISTRIBUTION AND MINIMUM MEADER LOSS ER * 2.05 FT METER AND VELOCITY GIVEN BELOM X P-G-IN DPA DPG DPT F-A-EX T-G-EX MEIGHI NIU EFFECT X P-G-IN DPA DPG DPT F-A-EX T-G-EX MEIGHI NIU EFFECT	7 - 7 7 - 8 8 - 9 9 - 9 1 0 - 9 1 1 0 - 9 1 1 0 - 9	MEIGHT FT 7.89 8.40 9.91 11.52	HFIGHT F T 7.89 8.31 9.92 10.92	HELGMT FT 7.90 0.91 0.92 10.93
.	DISTRIBUT:	1262.4 1230.0 1230.0 1192.3	F-G-EX DEG R 1239.9 1210.6 1191.1 1177.4	1-G-EX DEG R 1227.9 1200.3 1162.2 1169.6	1-6-EX 0EG R 1210.6 1170.3 1179.4 1159.4
_	AIP VELO	1493.3 1529.4 1553.7 1571.2	7-A-EK OFG R 1518-4 1550-9 1572-3 1587-4	1-6 K DEG R 1531.0 1562.3 1592.1 1595.9	1-A-Ex DEG 3 1550.9 157.9 1607.1 1615.6
10F IN IN SQFICUFI FYFI FYFI FYFI FYFI FYFI FYFI FYFI F	R INLET DA UNIF IN BELO DAT	3 2 4 4 4 3 2 4 4 8 6	14.31 16.34 16.34 19.97 21.69	DPT PCT 9.17 9.34 11.56	5.79 6.66 9.25
	ZED FOG 1ZED FC TV G1Vt OP G	おいこうご	13.78 15.77 17.59 19.32	0PG PST 7.79 8.33 10.03 11.111	20 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
AIK-S-1-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0	EFER SIL		0PA PCT 84. 54. 65.	404 W 4444	8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
4	FER DIAMET DER DIAME TER AND V	7018 20.25 20.46 20.93 21.46	P-G-IH PSIA 16.95 17.25 17.52 17.78	P-G-IIN PSIA 16-06 16-25 16-39 16-36	P-G-IN PSIA 15.71 15.84 15.96 16.07
CONTRACTOR	ILS INLET AIR HEAD OUTLET DIAMELY EXIT AIR DIAME EXIT AIR DIAME AREA P-A-EX	115.21 115.00 114.95 114.65	P-A-EX PSIA 115.73 115.74 115.69 115.69	P-A-P-STA-P-	P-A-EX PSIA 116.02 116.04 115.96 115.96
TYPE AND F PLATE SPAN HYDKAULIC FIN THICKS CUMPACINE FIN/TOTAL CUMOITIONS MASSFLOM PRESSURE TEMPESSURE TEMPESSURE TEMPESSURE TEMPESSURE	TAILS INLET OUTLE INLET EXIT	25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	A	SQFF SQFF 100000 10000000000000000000000000000
CORE MEAT THANSFER SURFACE TYPE AND PLATE SP HYDRAULT FIN FALL GUNDACIN FIN/TOTA MASSFLOW TEMPERAT TEMPERAT TEMPERAT TEMPERAT TEMPERAT	MEADER, DESIGN DETAILS INL OUT INL ENTH VOLUME ARE	75.0 106.0 125.0 156.0 175.0	YOLUME CU FT 150.6 250.8 350.0 350.0	VOLUME CU F1 225.0 300.0 575.0 650.0 525.0	VOLUME CU FI 300.0 400.0 500.0 700.0
CORE HEL	HE ADER.		LE 717 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	FEEG H 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

	CORE MEAT TRANSFER SUPFACE	A18-510F	GAS-STRE	
	TYPE AND FIN DETAIL PLATE SPALING	1-0.9888-4-11.10 .2580 IN	-	
	HYDRAULIC RADIUS FIN THICKNESS	.00253 FT .0060 IN	. 00253 FT . 0050 TX	
	COMPACTMESS FIN/TOTAL APEA	367.0 SOFI/CUFI .7560 FI/FI	367.0 SQFI/CUFI .7560 FI/FI	
HEAT EXCHANGER CONDITIO	NDITIONS	AIN-SIDE INLFT	GAS-SIDE INLET	GAS-SIDE FXIT
	MASSFLOW	90.00 L9/SEC	101.75 LB/SEC	•
	PRESSURE TEMPERATUPE	223.60 PSTA 873.90 neg R	1426.80 JEG R	14.98 PSIA
	FUEL-AIR SATIO	0.0	. 0175	. 1175
HEADER DESIGN DETAILS	AILS			
	INLET AIR MEADER DIAP OUTLET AIR MEAUER DIA INLET UIAMETER * 1.3	AIR HEADER DIAMETER SIZED FOR IMLET AIR VELUCITY = 90.00 F1/SEC. I AIR HEADER DIAMETER SIZED FOR UNIFORM FLOM DISTRIBUTION AND MINIMU UIAMETER * 1.36 FT	I AIR HEADER DIAMFTER SIZED FOR IMLET AIR VELUGITY = 90.00 F1/SEC ET AIR HEADER DIAMFTER SIZED FOR UNIFORM FLOM DISTRIBUTION AND MINIMUM HEADER LOSS Ulameter = 1.36	רספפ

LENGIH	VOLUME	ARLA	P-A-EX	P-6-1N	OPA A	OPG	UPT	T-A-EX	1-6-Ex	HE I GHT	2 TC	EFFECT	WF IGHT	HEADER	VELOCITY
t	2	SQFT	PSIA	PSIA	PCT	PCI	PCI	a. 930	DEG R	1		PCI	rus	DIA F1	FT/SEC
3.8	15.8	25.0	222.71	16.85			26.92	1207.2	1082.1	6.24	2.41	74.51	7776.6	1.58	69.41
;	198.	25.3	222.56	19.30	24.		29.92	1320.1	1052.8	7.25	3.21	80.53	9388.6	1.49	78.29
5.1	125.0	25.0	222. 68	19.79	4.		33.28	1342.4	1032.9	9.56	4.01	64.60	10995.4	1.90	70.09
	150.0	25.0	222,54	20.31	. *		36.76	1358.4	1018.5	9.27	. 90	87.51	12690.5	1.91	71.33
7.	175.1	3.62	555.49	50.75	• 50	39.26	19.76	1370.3	1.001	10.27	5.68	69.69	14 204.4	1.91	71.65
LENGTH	YOLUME	AREA	P-A-EX	N1-9-d	OPA	0P G	1 40	1-A-EX	1-6-Ex	HEI GHI	2 N	EFFECT	NE I GHT	HE ADER	VELOCITY
FI	3	SQFT	PSIA	PSIA	PCI	PC1	PCF	0EG R	0EG R	FT		PCI	rus	DIA FT	FIZSEC
3.0	150.0	50.3	22 3.00	16.43	.27	10.29	10.55	1311.2	1060.8	6.25	2.96	78.90	14596.8	1.89	70.01
;	200.0	50.0	222.99	16.69	.28	12.03	12.31	1340.7	1034.4	7.26	3.93	84.29	17630.6	1.90	70.79
5.8	254.0	50.0	222.97	16.94	. 28	13.68	13.96	1360.2	1016.9	8.27	4.91	87.84	20474.5	1.91	71.30
9 •	360.0	50.0	222.95	17.17	.29	15.22	15.52	1373.9	1004.5	9.27	5.89	90.35	23707.6	1.91	71.67
7.0	350.0	58.0	222.93	17.40	.30	16.75	17.05	1364.0	995.3	10.28	6.87	92.19	26730.3	16.1	71.94
LENGIH	VOLUME	AREA	P-A-Ex	M-9-4	0PA	0P G	1 40	F-A-EX	1-6-Ex	HE I GHI) N	EFFECT	WE TGHT	HEADER	VELOCITY
Ē	C F1	SAFI	VISd	PSIA	PCT	PCI	PCT	DE G R	0EG R	FI		PCI	LAS	DIA FI	FIZEC
3.6	225.0	75.4	223.10	15.73	.23	5.00	5.82	1321.3	1051.8	6.25	1.24	90.74	21228.6	1.89	70.26
;	300.0	75.0	223.0A	15.88	.23	65.9	6.82	1349.2	1026.0	1.26	4. 32	85.84	25672.5	1.90	10.99
9	375.0	15.9	223.07	16.02	. 23	1.55	7.78	1367.5	1010.3	8.27	5.39	A9-17	30108.7	16.1	71.48
9	450.0	15.0	223.06	16.17	. 24	60	8.73	1380.5	938.8	9.27	6.46	91.50	34540.1	1.91	71.82
	525.0	75.0	223.05	16.30	,24	3.45	9.66	1389.5	330.4	10.28	1.54	93.19	38968.6	1.92	72.86
LENGTH	VOLUME	ARCA	P-A-EX	N1-9-d	A40	JPG	106	T-A-EX	T-6-EX	HEIGHE) N	EFFECT	WF IGHT	HEADER	VEL OCT TY
ī	3	SQFT	PSIA	PSIA	PC1	PCT	PC	d 9≘0	DEG R	Ē		PC	LAS	DIA FT	FIZEC
3.0	300.0	100.0	225.13	15.47	.21	3.79	,0.4	1335.0	1039.5	6.26	3.71	8 5.24	27777.3	1.90	70.62
;	7.00%	108.0	223.12	15.57	.21	64.4	4.70	1360.7	1016.4	7.27	*6.4	87.34	33603.0	1.91	71.30
5.0	500.0	100.0	223.12	15.67	• 25	5.17	5.39	11/7.2	1001.5	8.27	6.18	90.35	19422.5	1.91	71.73
••	600.0	100.0	22 3. 11	15.77	. 22	5.35	6.17	1348.6	391.2	9.28	7.41	93.02	45236.4	1.92	12.03
	7.03/	169.	225.10	15.47	.22	6.51	2.0	1396.8	935.8	10.28	A. 55	94.52	51046.4	1.12	12.24

CORE HEAL	TRANSFE	HEAT TRANSFER SUPFACE	Cť		4 I V	AIP-SIDE				GAS-510F	J E				
		PLATE AND AUTHORITY THE COMPACT	TYPE AND FIN UETAIL PLATE SPACING HYDAULIC RADIUS FIN THICKNESS COMPACINESS FIN/TOTAL AREA	A I C	21675- .2500 .80251 .4860 367.0	<u> </u>	-11.10 IN FT IN SAFI/CUFT FT/FT		•	.0888- .2588 .00253 .0068 367.0	10-11.10 IN FT IN SQFI/CUFT FI/F	.			
HEAT EXCHANGER		CONDITIONS	v		AIR-	AIR-SIDE INLEI	NLET			CAS-SI	GAS-SIDE INLEI		GAS-SIDE FXIT	FXIT	
		MASSFLOW PRESSURE TLYPERATUR	OH Re Ature IP patio		90.08 223.60 676.90	18 LB/SEC 10 PSIA 10 9EG R	SFC A R			101.75 LB/5 1426.e0 nfG .0175	LB/SEC _nfg R 75		14.98 F	PSIA	
MEACER DESIGN DE	15N 0E1	11118													
		IMLET AL OUTLET A IMLET DI EXIT AIR	3 2 2 2	EADER DIAMETER SIZED FOR INLET , HEADER DIAMETER SIZED FOR UNIFOI Ter * 1.36 Ft Ameter and Velocity Given Pflom	ER SIZ TER SI FI ELOCIT	ED FOR ZED FO	INCET ! R UNIFOR	AIP VELOG Rm flom 0	FEADER DIAMETER SIZED FOR INLEF AIP VELOCITY = 90.00 F1/SEC Header Diameter Sized for Uniform flow distribution and Minimum Headep Loss Ter = 1.36 Ft Ameter and Velocity Given Aflow	0.88 FICON AND MI	SEC NIMUM HÉ	.ADEP LOS	ñ		
LENGTH V FT C	WULUME CU FT	AREA	P-A-EX FSIA	P-6-1N PSIA	PCT	900 -	PCT 10	1-4-FX 0FG 2	1-6-EX 0f6 R	HE 16H1 F 1) 	EFFECT PCI	NE IGHT LBS	HEADER Dia ft	VELOCITY FI/SEC
	75.0	25.4	221.58	18.84			27.23	1317.4	1055.5	6.25	3, 13	40.03	1774.6	1.89	70.40
	108.8	25.0	221.13	19.27			58.51 33.99	1345.9	1029.7 1812.8	7.27 6.27	5.20 5.20		10986.1	1.48	71.72
7.4	15u.e 175.e	25.6	220.91	20.27	1.20	36:35	37.25 40.36	1377.8	1001.0	9.26 18.28	6.23		12584.3	1.92	72.10
LENGTH V FT C	עסרטאר כט דד	AREA	P-A-EX PSIA	P-6-1N PS1A	PCI	960	190	7-A-EX 0fg R	1-6-EX DEG R	HE 1 GH T F T	2 N	EFFEGT PCI	NEIGHT LBS	HFADER Dta ft	VELOCITY FT/SEC
3.8	150.0	56.3	222.48	16.41		10.14	10.61	1343.6	1031.8	6.26	5.40	84.82	14587.0	1.98	70.94
	250.0	200	222.41	16.91	3.	13.51	14.05	1382.9	996.3	6.28	6.75		20646.6	:-	71.99
	126.1	20.0	222.27	17.30		16.62	17.22	1293.4	966.1	10.28	9.6	95.26	26694.1	1.92	72.48
LENGTH V FT C	VOLUME CU FT	AREA	P-A-EX PSIA	P-6-IN PSIA	PCI	PCT	100 PCT	1-A-FX 0EG P	f-G-EX 0EG R	HEIGHT FT	2	EFFECT PCT	WE I GHT	HEANER Ola fi	VELOCITY FT/SEC
•	225.0	15.0	222.81	15.72	. 45	5.51	5.85	1354.6	1021.9	6.27	4.59		21213.0	1.90	71.19
•	300.0 475.0	75.0	222.77	15.47	75.	6.58	6.87	1176.5	1002.2	7.27	6.11		25642.2	1.91	71.77
	450.0	75.)	222.70	16.15	3 4	24.6	28.0	1399.4	991.4	9.26	9.14	95.00	3.044 3.044	1.92	72.37
	70 CO FT	SOFT	PSIA	FS I A	PCI	20	PC1	T-A-EX DF G 9	1-6-EX Dec P	HE I GHI	2	PCI	16 T C HT	HEADEP DIA FI	FI/SEC FI/SEC
	300.0	:	222.93	15.46	5.	3.74	4.04	1365.0	1012.6	6.27	5.22		27 747 75	1.91	71.44
	500.0	1001	222.91	15.50	3.6	5.1.5	5 .7 .	1384.7	7.466	7.28	6.34	92.31	13557.4	1.91	72.28
• •	6.00.0	25	222.86	15.76	55.	5.40	6.13	1404.9	976.4	4.26	10.34		45156.6	1.92	72.49
,					•	;	:		•	;				:	

Control Cont	COPE HE	COPE HEAT THANSFER SURFACE	ER SURFA	ICE		AIR	-S10£		-		CAS-510	0£				
CESSION CASACTO CASA			PLATE HYDRAL FIN TY COMPACE	AND FIN DE SPACING JLIC FADIU HICKNESS CTHESS	1 1 1		5-0-111 53 FT 50 IN 50 SO	.10 :1/CUF1		<u>.</u>	0.0808-0 .4658 .08455 .0108 .264.6	6.28 IN FI IN SOFI/CU	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##			
Harden H	HEAT EX	CHANGER C	OND I TION	ş		AIR-	SIJE II	11.61			GAS-SI	DE INLE	_	GAS-SID	FEXIC	
WILLIAM MARCE LIANGER SIZED FOR UNIFORF FLOW DISTRIBULION AND MINIMUM HEADER LOSS MARCE LIANGER LOSS			MASSFI PRLSSL TEMPER	_		90.01		SEC.				LB/SEC DEG R		16.90	PSIA	
UNITE AREA P-A-LY P-G-IN DPP DPC DPT 1-A-EX PEGEN NIU EFFECT NEIGHT NIU EFFECT NEIGHT HEADER CU FT SGFT PSIA PSIA PCT	HEADER	DESIGN DE	2	AIR MEADE I AIR MEAD UIAMFTER	R DIAMET ER DIAME ER 1.36 ER AND V	ER SIZN TER SIZN FT ELOCITY	ED FOR	IMET TUNIFO FRELOM	NIK WELD RP FLOW	CITY = 9	10.88 F1/	SEC NIMUN M	EADER LO	ν _α		
186.0 25.0 220.34 10.55 1.06 10.77 12.05.0 1001.3 7.25 2.36 70.26 944.2 1.00 186.0 25.0 219.31 17.15 1.05 12.34 15.15 133.10 1001.2 9.26 2.35 79.11 1105.0 1.00 186.0 25.0 219.31 17.15 1.02 17.7 112.4 15.12 133.10 1001.2 9.26 2.35 12.04.1 1105.0 1.00 186.0 25.0 219.31 17.15 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.02	LENGTH FT	VOLUME CU FT	AREA	PSIA	P-6-1N PSIA	0 P	960	5 5	1-A-EX Of G P	7-6-EX DEG R	ME 1 GN 1 F 1	A	EFFECT PCI	NETGHT LBS	HEADER Dia fi	VELOCITY FT/SEC
175.0 25.0 229.31 17.15 19.2 13.7 13.1.0 149.1 9.6 6.55 79.5 180.1 19.5	*	100.0	25.0	220.34	16.53			12.37	1205.0	1063.3	7.25	2, 36	74.26	2-9996	1.88	69.74
175.0 25.0 210.31 17.15 1.92 15.0 17.0 1195.7 1129.9 10.27 4.15 65.19 14297.9 1.91 1861	• •	150.0	22.6 25.6	213.65	16.95			13.97	1334.0	1068.2	9.56	2.97 3.56	02.51	11663.8 12641.6	. 9 . 6 • 6 • 6 • 6 • 6 • 6 • 6 • 6 • 6 • 6	71.69
FIT CU FT SNFT PSIA PSIA PGT PGT FG R F-EK F-EK FEIGHT MIU EFECT WEIGHT HEADER 5.8 280.0 50.0 222.10 15.40 .67 3.76 4.05 1305.6 1005.0 7.25 2.41 77.47 1775.9 1.09 5.8 280.0 50.0 222.10 15.40 .67 3.76 4.05 1305.0 1005.0 7.25 2.41 77.47 1775.9 1.09 5.8 280.0 50.0 221.70 15.40 .67 3.76 4.05 1305.0 1005.0 7.25 2.41 77.47 1775.9 1.09 5.8 280.0 50.0 221.70 15.40 .67 3.76 4.05 1305.7 1004.2 0.26 4.25 05.47 2206.1 1.90 5.8 280.0 50.0 221.70 15.40 .67 3.76 1305.2 1305.7 10.27 4.92 07.07 2206.1 1.90 5.8 280.0 50.0 221.70 15.63 .41 4.00 5.49 1305.7 10.27 4.92 07.07 2206.1 1.90 5.8 280.0 50.0 221.70 15.70 .40 14.70		175.0	25.8	219.31	17.15			10.71	1345.7	1829.9	10.27	4.15	65.19	14297.9	1.91	71.52
256.0 56.0 222.10 15.40 .67 3.70 4.05 1305.6 1005.0 7.25 2.01 77.47 17745.9 1.89 256.0 56.0 221.99 15.40 .72 3.90 4.60 1329.7 1044.2 0.26 3.52 02.20 2007.3 1.90 356.0 56.0 221.70 15.55 .77 4.56 5.15 1360.2 1312.6 4.22 02.20 2007.3 1.90 7.0 400.0 56.0 221.70 15.63 .41 4.00 5.64 1360.3 1312.7 6.22 03.47 2.93.77 1.91 8.0 400.0 56.0 221.70 15.63 .41 4.00 5.64 1360.3 1312.7 6.22 03.74 2.973.7 1.91 8.0 400.0 56.0 221.70 15.63 .41 4.00 5.64 1360.3 1312.7 6.22 03.74 2.973.7 1.91 8.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 1	LENGTH FT	VOLUME CU FT	AREA		P-6-1N PS1A	PCT	90. PC1	961 PCI	T-A-EX DE G R) H	HE 16HT	¥1 ⊃	EFFECT PCT	NE IGHT LOS	HEADER DIA FI	VELOCITY FT/SEC
250.0 56.0 221.99 15.46 .72 3.98 4.63 1329.7 1044.2 6.26 3.52 82.28 20867.3 1.90 5.8 350.0 56.0 221.98 15.56 .77 4.38 5.15 1347.2 1315.5 4.22 82.54 7 2595.8 1.90 5.0 400.0 56.0 221.67 15.70 .86 5.15 1347.2 1315.5 10.27 4.92 87.47 2595.2 1.91 5.0 400.0 56.0 221.67 15.70 .86 5.15 1347.2 1315.5 11.27 5.62 89.73 25973.7 1.91 5.0 400.0 56.0 221.67 15.70 .86 5.17 6.23 1378.6 1807.5 11.27 5.62 89.73 25973.7 1.91 5.0 400.0 56.0 221.67 15.70 .86 5.17 8.18 11.24 1068.5 11.27 5.62 89.73 25973.7 1.91 5.0 52.0 75.0 222.55 15.16 .47 1.71 2.19 1311.4 1068.5 7.25 2.96 78.95 25838.7 1.09 5.0 52.0 75.0 222.49 15.19 5.0 137 2.47 1374.4 1840.1 8.26 3.69 85.17 34.75.8 1.90 5.0 52.0 75.0 222.49 15.19 5.0 13.7 2.47 1374.4 1840.1 8.26 3.69 85.17 34.75.8 1.90 5.0 52.0 75.0 222.49 15.19 5.0 13.7 2.47 1351.4 1068.5 7.25 2.96 78.95 25838.7 1.09 5.0 52.0 75.0 222.49 15.19 5.0 1373.7 104.8 11.27 5.66 90.27 4.78 85.17 34.75.8 1.90 5.0 52.0 75.0 222.49 15.19 5.0 13.7 2.75 104.8 11.27 5.66 90.27 4.78 85.19 5.0 52.0 75.0 222.47 15.13 5.7 2.75 3.32 1373.5 1044.8 11.27 5.66 90.27 4.780.8 1.91 5.0 50.0 180.0 222.75 15.00 136 1.14 1.56 175.0 1025.4 8.26 5.51 8.26 5.51 8.26 5.51 5.0 50.0 180.0 222.77 15.10 4.40 1.56 175.1 1012.4 9.27 5.23 80.74 5555.9 1.91 5.0 50.0 180.0 222.77 15.10 4.40 1.56 175.1 1012.4 9.27 5.23 80.74 5555.9 1.91 5.0 50.0 180.0 222.57 15.10 4.10 1.56 175.1 1012.4 9.27 5.23 80.74 5555.9 1.91 5.0 50.0 180.0 222.57 15.10 4.40 1.56 175.1 1012.4 9.27 5.23 80.74 5555.9 1.91 5.0 50.0 180.0 222.57 15.10 4.91 2.36 1176.1 1012.4 9.27 5.23 80.74 5555.9 1.91 5.0 50.0 180.0 222.57 15.10 4.91 2.36 1176.1 1012.4 9.27 5.23 80.74 5555.9 1.91	.,	208.0	58.0	222.10	15.44	.67	3. 14	4.85	1305.6	1065.4	1.25	2.81	77.37	17745.9	1. A9	70.11
7.6 58.0 58.0 221.78 15.67 3.01 4.08 5.19 150.2 110.7 5.62 87.87 2690.2 1.91 8.8 408.0 58.0 221.87 15.73 4.08 5.19 150.2 110.7 5.62 87.87 2690.2 1.91 8.8 408.0 58.0 221.87 15.73 4.08 6.19 110.7 5.62 87.87 26973.7 1.91 8.8 58.0 58.0 58.0 57.8 25.85 15.10 4.7 17.7 2.47 1311.4 1068.5 7.25 2.96 78.95 25838.7 1.89 8.8 375.0 75.0 222.49 15.19 5.2 2.75 1351.8 106.5 1 8.26 3.69 85.13 3830.6 1.90 8.8 525.0 75.0 222.49 15.2 2.75 1351.8 106.5 1 8.26 3.69 85.13 3830.6 1.90 8.8 525.0 75.0 222.3 15.2 2.75 1351.8 10.5 1 8.2 1 8.2 1 8.1 1 9.2 1 9.2 1 9.2 1 9.2 1 9.2 1 9.3 1		250.0	200	221.99	15.48	27:		4.62	1329.7	1044.2	8,26	3,52	82.28	20807.3	1.98	78.65
6.0 400.0 50.0 221.67 15.70 .A6 5.37 6.23 1370.6 1007.5 11.27 5.62 09.73 29973.7 1.91 WGTH VOLUME AREA P-A-EX P-G-IN OPA OPG OPG I -A-EX T-G-EX HEIGHI NTU EFFECT MEIGHI HEADER FI CU FI SQFI PSIA PCI DCG OPG I -A-EX T-G-EX HEIGHI NTU EFFECT MEIGHI HEADER LOUR FS.0 272.43 15.10 LAT		350.0	e e	221.78	15.63	: ;		5.64	1360.3	1316.7	10.27	7.66	87.87	2,02692	16:1	71.58
FI CU FI SQFT PSIA PSIA PGT PCT PCT PCT PCG R FT PCT LBS 014 FT PCT PCT PCT PCT PCT PCT PCT PCT PCT PC	•	400.0	20.7	251.67	15.70	. A6	5.37	6.23	1370.6	1007.5	11.27	29.5	89.73	29973.7	1.91	71.79
5.0 380.0 75.0 222.55 15.15 .47 1.71 2.19 1111.4 1068.5 7.25 2.96 78.95 2588.7 1.89 5.0 375.0 75.3 222.49 15.19 .56 1.37 2.47 1144.4 1444.1 8.26 3.69 85.13 36.17 34.77.6 1.90 5.0 450.0 75.0 222.47 15.23 .52 2.23 2.75 1351.0 10.51 10.27 5.13 06.17 34.77.6 1.90 5.0 600.0 75.0 222.45 15.23 .57 2.75 1351.0 10.51 10.27 5.16 06.17 34.77.6 1.90 5.0 525.0 75.0 222.45 15.21 .57 2.75 13.3 04.47 34.27 5.16 06.17 34.77.6 1.90 5.0 600.0 75.0 222.47 15.21 .57 2.75 3.32 1373.5 1004.0 11.27 5.06 90.27 4.700.8 1.91 5.0 600.0 100.0 222.75 15.06 .30 11.0 1.55 175.6 10.44.3 7.26 3.51 02.26 3362.1 1.90 5.0 500.0 100.0 222.71 15.10 .40 1.86 1.76 1.75.1 10.24 9.27 5.23 06.74 45557.9 1.91 5.0 500.0 100.0 222.71 15.10 .40 1.86 1.76 1.76.3 10.24.1 10.20 5.20 05.17 54.71.3 1.90 5.0 500.0 100.0 222.71 15.10 .40 1.86 1.76 1.76 1.76 1.76 6.9 90.77 54.11.3 1.90 5.0 500.0 100.0 222.71 15.10 .40 1.86 1.76 1.76 1.76 1.76 1.76 1.76 1.76 1.7	LENGTH FT	VOLUME CU FI	AREA		P-6-1N PS1A	PCF	966	100 100	1-A-EX 0e6 R	1-6-EX DEG R	HE 16H1	N D	EFFECT PCT	HE I GHT	HEADER DIA FI	VELOCITY F1/SEC
5.6 375.4 75.4 222.49 15.19 .56 1.37 2.47 1314.4 1444.1 8.26 3.69 81.13 3010.6 1.90 5.6 456.0 75.0 222.31 15.23 2.72 2.23 2.75 1351.0 1025.1 9.27 4.48 46.17 34.73.6 1.90 5.6 500.0 75.0 222.32 15.31 .57 2.75 3.32 1373.5 1404.8 11.27 5.46 90.27 4.780.8 1.91 5.6 500.0 75.0 222.32 15.31 .57 2.75 3.32 1373.5 1404.8 11.27 5.46 90.27 4.780.8 1.91 5.6 500.0 75.0 222.75 15.00 JA 1PG 1PG 1C-EX HEIGHT MIU EFFECT HEIGHT HEADER FT CU FT SQFT PSIA PG 1PG 1729.6 1044.3 7.26 3.51 02.26 3302.7 1907 5.0 500.0 100.0 222.75 15.00 JA 1.1A 1.56 1329.6 1044.3 7.26 3.51 02.26 3.9990.3 1.90 5.0 500.0 100.0 222.75 15.10 .40 1.6 1.76 1375.1 1012.4 9.27 5.23 80.74 5555.9 1.91 5.0 500.0 100.0 222.75 15.13 .41 1.54 1.96 1375.1 1012.4 9.27 5.23 80.74 5555.9 1.91 5.0 500.0 100.0 222.67 15.13 .41 1.54 1.96 1375.1 1012.4 9.27 5.23 80.77 54.11.3 1.91 5.0 700.0 100.0 222.67 15.13 .41 1.54 1.96 1375.1 1012.4 9.27 5.23 80.77 54.71.3 1.91 5.0 700.0 100.0 222.75 15.13 .41 1.54 1.96 1375.1 1012.4 10.57 5.25 10.77 54.11.3 1.91	;	388.6	15.0	222.55	15.16	14.	1.71	5.19	1311.4	1068.5	7.25	2.96	78.95	25 8 3 8 . 7	•	78.89
5.5.6 75.6 222.35 15.27 55.2.49 3.64 1363.7 1013.6 16.27 5.13 68.47 34238.1 1591 6.6 600.0 75.0 222.32 15.31 57 2.75 3.32 1373.5 1004.8 11.27 5.86 90.27 47788.8 1.91 6.6 600.0 75.0 222.32 15.31 57 2.75 3.32 1373.5 1004.8 11.27 5.86 90.27 47788.8 1.91 7. CU FT SQFT PSIA PSIA PG UPI I-A-EX I-G-EX HEIGHT WIU EFFECT MFIGHT HEADER FT CU FT SQFT PSIA PSIA 1.56 10.56 10.56 10.44.3 7.76 3.51 62.26 33821.1 1.90 5.6 5.60.0 100.0 222.75 15.08 .34 1.14 1.56 132.6 1044.3 7.76 3.51 62.26 33821.1 1.90 5.6 5.60.0 100.0 222.75 15.18 .41 1.54 1.96 1375.1 1012.4 9.27 5.23 88.74 4555.9 1.91 6.6 600.0 100.0 222.67 15.18 .41 1.54 1.96 1375.1 1012.4 9.27 5.23 88.74 4555.9 1.91 6.6 600.0 100.0 222.67 15.18 .41 1.54 1.96 1375.1 1012.4 9.27 5.23 88.74 4555.9 1.91 6.6 600.0 100.0 222.67 15.18 .41 1.54 1.96 1375.1 1012.4 9.27 5.23 88.74 45557.9 1.91		375.0	75.5	222.49	15.19	.56	1.37	2.47	1374.4	1640.1	9.56	3.65	63.13	30 304.6	1.90	70.70
Boll 600.0 75.0 222.32 15.31 .57 2.75 3.32 1373.5 1404.8 11.27 5.86 90.27 4780.8 1.91 WGTH VOLUME AREA P-A-EX P-G-IN UPA IPG UPI I -A-EX I -G-EX HEIGHT MIU EFFECT MFIGHT HEADER FI CU FT SQFT PCI DCI DCG DC DCG DCI LBS DIA FT No 400.0 100.0 222.75 15-0 .36 1.1A 1.56 112.96 1044.3 7.26 3.51 02.26 39.51.1 1.90 NO 560.0 100.0 222.75 15-10 .40 1.56 1.56.1 1.02.6 3.51 02.26 39.57 9.59.0 39.50.0 1.91 NO 222.0 15-13 .41 1.54 1.56 1.56.1 1.012.4 9.27 5.23 80.74 5555.9 1.91 NO	:	525.0	75.1	222.30	15.27	. 5.	2.49	3.0.5	1363.7	1013.9	10.27	5.13	49.65	39238.1	1.91	64.17
MUTH WOLUME AREA P-A-EX P-G-IN JPA NPG UPI T-A-EX T-G-EX HEIGHI NIU EFFECT WFIGHT NEADER FT CU FT SQFT PSIA PSIA PGT	•	600.0	75.0	255.32	15.31	.51	2.75	3. 32	1373.5	1904.8	11.27	5.86	90.21	4 17 88.8	1.91	71.76
## 400.0 100.0 222.75 15.06 .36 1.14 1.56 1129.6 1044.3 7.26 3.51 02.26 31021.1 1.90 5.00.0 100.0 222.71 15.10 .40 1.16 1.76 1370.3 1025.4 0.26 4.37 06.04 39690.3 1.90 6.00.0 100.0 222.67 15.13 .41 1.54 1.96 1175.1 1012.4 9.27 5.23 86.74 45557.9 1.91 7.00.0 100.1 222.04 15.16 .43 1.73 2.16 1376.2 1402.7 6.09 90.77 51411.3 1.91 7.00.0 100.1 222.04 15.16 .45 1.91 2.36 1344.7 944.7 11.24 6.95 92.12 57567.0 1.91	LENGTH FT	VOLUME CU FT	ARca SQF 1		P-6-IN PSIA	PCT	106 PCT	96 104	1-A-EX OFG P	-0-E	HE IGHT	212	EFFECT PCI	HF I GHT LBS	HEADER Dia fi	VELOCITY FT/SEC
1 560.0 100.0 222.71 15.00 .30 11.1 1.70 1162.0 1044.3 7.70 3.51 86.06 3362.1 1.90 1060.0 100.0 222.71 15.10 .40 1.16 1.76 1165.1 1025.8 8.26 4.37 86.04 39690.3 1.90 1000.0 100.0 222.67 15.13 .41 1.54 1.96 1165.1 1012.4 9.27 5.23 86.74 4555.9 1.91 1.91 100.0 100.0 222.69 15.16 .43 1.73 2.16 11676.2 1002.4 10.27 6.09 90.77 51411.3 1.91 1.91 100.0 222.69 15.16 .45 1.91 2.36 1184.7 9.44.7 11.28 6.95 92.17 5756.0 1.91	9	6 6 7	•	30.00	40	:	:				,		;			•
# 660.u 100.1 222.67 15.13 .41 1.54 1.96 1155.1 1012.4 9.27 5.23 86.74 45552.9 1.91 700.0 100.1 222.0 15.14 1.73 2.16 1156.2 1402.4 10.27 6.09 90.77 51411.3 1.91 900.0 100.0 222.0 15.14 .45 1.91 2.36 1184.7 944.7 11.28 6.95 92.17 5756.0 1.91		26.0	7 0 0 7	222. 71	15.10		1.16	1.75 1.76	1559.0	1025.8	7.7e	5.51 4.51	97.78	39690.3	1.90	70.54
7 TER. 1 TER. 1 TO THE TOTAL T	•	9.00	100.9	222.67	15.13	7	1.54	1.96	1165.1	1012.4	4.27	5.23	88.74	45557.9	1.91	71.49
	::	9.000	100.0	222.60	15.16		1.73	2.16 2.36	1376.2	1.2021	10.27		90.77	51411.3	- -	71.78

SIOF INLET LB/SEC 10EG R 75 17/SEC 11NIMUM PEADER LOS 1.97 2.08 7.95 5.94 90.45 90.45 1.95 8.94 90.45 1.95 8.94 90.45 1.95 8.94 90.45 1.95 8.94 90.45 1.95 8.94 90.45 1.95 8.94 90.45 1.95 8.94 90.45 1.95 8.94 90.45 8.94 90.45 8.94 8
METCH
CHINIMUM PEADER LOSS CHINIMUM PEFECT MEIGHT CHINIMUM PEFECT MEIGHT CHINIMUM PEFECT MEIGHT CHINIMUM EFFECT MEIGHT CHINIMUM PEADER LOSS CHINIMUM PEADER LOSS CHINIMUM PEADER LOSS CHINIMUM PEFECT MEIGHT CHINIMUM PEADER LOSS CHINIMUM PEADER LOSS CHINIMUM PEFECT MEIGHT CHINIMUM PEADER LOSS CHINIMUM P
NTU EFFECT 2.00 70.11 2.948 79.98 3.978 79.98 4.95 87.96 5.94 90.45 NTU EFFECT 7.58 91.26 7.58 91.26 7.58 91.26 7.58 91.26
2.98 79.98 3.97 84.43 4.95 87.95 5.94 90.45 5.94 90.45 7.95 87.95 7.54 75.72 3.81 89.26 7.68 93.28 7.68 93.28 7.68 93.28 7.68 75.72
3,97 6,95 87,96 87,96 8,95 87,96 8,95 87,96 8,91 8,91 8,91 8,91 8,91 8,91 8,91 8,91
6,49 5,94 NTU EFFECT 2,54 3,81 3,81 5,84 75,72 5,84 75,72 5,84 75,72 7,84 93,73 7,84 93,28 7,68 93,28 7,68 93,28 7,68
NTU EFFECT 2.54 75.72 3.81 83.73 5.87 88.32 6.34 93.28 7.58 93.28 7.58 93.28 7.58 93.28
2.54 75.73 5.81 83.73 5.81 83.73 6.34 91.26 7.68 93.28 7.68 93.28 7.68 93.28
5.87 68.35 6.34 91.26 7.68 93.28 NTU EFFECT 5.82 79.32
7.66 93.28 NTU EFFECT N.02 79.32
NTU EFFECT PCT 3.82 79.32
3.82 79.32
777 70
6.81 90.61
9.28 7.51 93.15 35956.1 9.28 9.01 94.87 41268.2
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3.54 82.42
6.27 5.30 68.93 33231.2
8.86 94.67
10.55 96.11

CO RE	HEAT TRANSFER	E4 SUPFACE	JV.		4 I b	3LIS-d				GAS-SINE	JE				
		TYPE AND PLATE SPA HYUFAULIC FIN THICK GOMPACTNE FIN/10FAL	TYPF AND FIN DETAIL PLATE SPACING HYUPAULIC RADIUS FIN THICKNESS COMPACINESS FIN/101AL AREA	J		· ·	. 6.20 IN IN SQFT/CUFT FI/FI		<u> </u>	-0-6030 -0-6097 -0-6097 -0-6097	. 3.01 IN FT IN SQFF/CUFT FT/FT	=			
HEAT &	HEAT EXCHANGEP C	COMBI 11 ON	SNO		-9 I V	1-201S-1	INLFT	•		GAS-SIDE INL	NE INLE	13	GAS-SIDE	E EXIT	
		MASSFLOW PRESSURF TEMPERATUN FUEL-AIP	FLOW SURF RATUKE AIP 9ATIO		90.00 223.61 874.90		LB/SEC PSIA PEG R			1426.80	LB/SEC 		14.90	PS1A 5	
HEADER	DEST GN DE	TATES													
		INLLI OUTLE INLTE Ext	INLLT AIQ HEADER WIAMFTER SIZED FOR IMLET AIR VELOCITY = 90.00 F1/SEC. Outlet air header Wiamfer Sized for Uniforh flom distribution and Minimum Header Loss Inlet diameter = 1.36 Ft Exit air diameter and velocity given below	ER UIAMET DEP UIAME * 1.36	ER S17 TER S1 FT EL OCIT	ED FOR ZEU FO Y GIVE	INLET R UNIFO N BELOW	AIR VELO DRM FLOW	CITY = 9 Distributi	30.88 FI/'	SEC. NIMUM M	EADER LO	SS		
LENGT	N VOLUME CU FT	SQFT	P-A-EX PSIA	P-G-IN PSIA	PCT	uP6 PCT	00 I	1-A-EX DEG R	F-G-EX DEG R	HE I GHT F R	2	EFFEGT PCT	HE IGHT LBS	HEADER Dia fi	VEL 0C 1 T
14.0	350.6	25.8	222.25	16.88	.64	13.51	13.91	1324.4	1049.0	17.26	3.34	81.31	30294.1	1.89	70.4
16.0		25.e.	222.16	17.87			15.21	1331.7	1042.7	19.26	3.61	83.74	34130.3	7.7	76.07
17.0		25.0	222.12	17.17			15.89	1 34 3 . 4	1036.0	20.26	4.05	84.78	36048.1	1.90	71.0
3.6	450.0	25.6	222.08	17.26			16.53	1348.6	1027.3	21.26	4.28	85.72	37965.A	1.90 1.90	71.15
28.0		65.3	221.99	17.44		17.07	17.79	1357.6	1019.2	23.27	4.76	87.36	41900.6	16:1	71.40
21.0	525.0	25.0	721.95	17.53			19.41	1361.5	1015.7	24.27	4.99	88.09	43717.8	1.91	71.51
LENGTH	4 VOLUME CU FT	SOFT	F-A-EX PSIA	P-G-IN PSIA	PC1	9 G 6 C	00 I	T-A-EX DFG R	1-6-EX 0EG R	HFTGHT FT	J.	EFFECT PCT	NF IGHT LBS	HEADER Dia fi	VELOCITY FT/SEC
14.6		50.0		15.56	. 32	94.4	4.78	1344.7	1030.6	17.26	4.11	85.02	57723.5	1.90	78.92
15.0	2000	50.0		15.64	25.	1 6 9	5.04	3 5	1025.3	18.26		86.14	61383.6	1.90 9.90	71.06
17.0		50.1		15.08	. 54	5.20	5.54	1361.3	1015.9	20.27	. 98	98.04	64702.5	1.91	71.36
9 6		50.0		15.71	ż.	2.45	5.79	1765.8	1011.9	21.27	5.27	48.86	72361.5	1.92	71.4
20.0	-	5 ee c		15.78	35	5.43	6.29	1373.5		23.27	5.85	90.27	74578.6	16:1	71.68
21.0		50.0		15.82	. 36	6.17	6.53	1376.8	1001.9	24.27	5.14	90.06	136.	1.91	71.77
LENGTH	H VOLUME	ARCA	P-A-EX	F-6-IN	Ado	946	140	T-A-L X	1-6-E x	HE IGHT) I	EFFECT	WF IGHT	ADE	VELOCIT
		SÚFI	PSIA	PSIA	PCT	Lud	PCI	0r G P	0.50	E		134	rus	DIA FT	FIZEC
14.0		75.0	22	15.26	. 25	2.48	59.2	1351.3	1024.8	17.26	4.42	86.23	9.949.0	1.98	71.0
15.0		75.0	25	15.29	• 25	2.54	2.79	1357.2	1019.6	19.27	4.73	87.29	90019. 3	1.90	71.22
10.0		75.0	3 6	15.50	92.	2.56	2.93	1 162.4	1014.9	19.27	5.05	98.25	95 491.7	1.91	71.36
=		75.0	22	15.34	. 26	2.95	3.21	1371.3	1406.9	21.27	5.69	89.87	185134.6	1.91	71.59
19.0		75.0	22	15.36	• 56	8.99	3, 35	1.571	1113.4	22.27	5.99	90.56	111505.7	16.1	71.69
20.0	1580.0	75.4	223.00	15.38	.27	1.22	3.49	1178.6	1040.3	23.27	6.30	91.19	116476.1	1.91	71.78
	2121	121	3	12.46	• • •	3. 36	70.0	_	•	12.42	29.9		122246.6	1.91	71.87

CORE HEAT		TRANSFER SUPF	4 0f		7	AIR-SINE	-			GAS-SE	96				
		PLATE HVOFAL FIN TH COMPAC	AND FIN DETAIL SPACING NULIC RADIUS HICKNESS NOTHESS	ETAIL	312	.1250-0-19.8 .2050 IN .06127 FT .0640 IN .500.0 SJFT	-19.82 IN FI IN SOFT/CUFT	-	.	2500-u-11.10 .2500 IN .01253 FT .6606 IN 367.0 SQFF/CUFT .7560 FT/FT	11.10 IN FT IN SQFF/CU	=			
HEAT EX	WEAT EXCHANGER CONDITION	01110NO	MS		A16	AIR-SIDE INLFT	INLFT			GAS-SI	DE INLF	_	GAS-SIDE EXIT	E EXII	
		PKESSL	LON URE		90.		LD/SEC			101.75	LB/SEC		14.98	PSIA	
		TEMPE FUEL-1	RATURE AIR PATIO		670.98		er 		-	1426.88	DEG R		. 0175	16	
MEADER DESIGN	DESIGN DE	DETAILS													
		INLET OUTLE INLET EXIT	AIR NEADE I AIR NEAC Ulameter Air Diames	ER DIAME Der Diam = 1.36 Ier anj	TER SI	12EO FO 112EO F 1TY SIV	R INLET OR UNIF EN BELO	ATR VELCORN FLOW	AIG HEADER DIAMETER SIZED FOR INLET AIR VELOGITY = 90.00 FT/SEC T AIR MEADER DIAMETER SIZED FOR UNIFORM FLOW DISTRIBUTION AND HINIMUM PEADER LOSS UIAMETER = 1.36 FT AIR DIAMETER AND VELOGITY SIVEN BELOW	10.88 FI/	SEC NIMUM FI	EADER LOS	y,		
LENGTH	VOLUME CU FT	ARFA SQFT	P-A-EX PSIA	P-6-1M PS1A	PCT	1000	106 104	T-A-EX DFG R	1-6-EX DEG R	HEIGHT FT	3	EFFECT PCI	NE IGHT LBS	HEADER Dia fi	VELO
**	25.0	25.6	219.47	19.24		29-13	30.98	1250.0	1114.1	4.24	1.62	67.68	5457.4	1.87	9
3.6	75.6	25.0	219.00	29.76		39.35	41.85	1357.6	1010.2	6.28	5.40	89.20	9401.6	1.92	- ~
.	100	25.8	217.30	21.76		45.64	48.46	1386.7	6.266	7.29	7.10	92.69	11360.6	1.93	2
	155.0	25.6	216.64	22.46		56.33	53.46	1398.5	982.2	6.29 9.40	16.75	94.83	13316.8	1.93	~ ~
	175.6	25.0	215.20	23.70	3.76	· R 4	62.79	1411.6	970.3	10.30	12.54	97.22	17226.1	1.9	- N
						9			0 1006	11.36	1 4. 32	36 - 16	9.6.116.	• • •	
1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	VOLUME CU FI	SUFT	P-A-EX PSIA	P-C-IN	4 5 6 4	00 L	PCI	T-A-EX Deg R	1-G-EX DEG R	HE IGHT	2 E	EFFECT PCT	WE IGHT	HEADER • DIA FI	VELO
	5.4.6	58.3	221.62	16.54		11.32	11.91		1073.9	4.25	2.68	76.29	10349.7	1.89	9
, n	150.0	2.0	221.15	17.42		16.88	17.38	1398.9	989.1	9.54 6.28	7.73	93.45	17867.5	1.92	2.2
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	240.0	50.0	220.93	17.83		19.64	20.84		976.7	7.29	10.29	95.93	21604.1	1.93	2.5
9	300.0	2	220.51	18.58		1 24.69	26.87		965.1	4.29	15.41	98.25	23867.8	1.93	22
	150.0	50.0 50.0	220.29	19.30	1.57	27.28	31.09	1420.3	962.3	10.29	17.97	98.81	32796.0 36524.7	1.93	m m
LENGTH	WOLUME CU FT	ARFA	P-A-EX PSIA	P-G-IN PSIA	I DPA PCT	100	100 P	T-4-EX	, I-6-EX	HE I GHI FT) I	EFFECT PCT	WE IGHT	HEADER OIA FR	VELO
4	25.0	36	222	4	4		•								
2.0	150.0	75.8	222.45	16.14		9.30	7	1379.2	1,000	5.28	9	3.5	15160.1 20651.6	f	
9. M	225.0	75.0	221.93	16.42		10.18	10.93	1401.2	979.7	6.28	9.52	95.33	26148.1	1.92	~
• •	300.0	75.0	221.41	16.64		111.97	12.77	1411.9	969.9	7.29	12.68	97.29	31632.6	1.93	22
• •	450.0		221.58	17.20			16.34	1417.0	961.4	4, 24 4, 29	19.01	98.36	57111.3 62588.3		~ ~
9.6	525.0	75.d	221.47	17.44	•	17.08	10.03	1423.3	959.5	10.29	22.17	99.36		1.93	2
		•	0: 177	17.00			19.00	1424.0	458.5	11.29	25.33	99.66	535 38.4	1.43	2

DTNSRDC PAS 82-41 ATTACHMENT A

KEY TO AIR-SIDE OR GAS-SIDE FIN GEOMETRIES*

PLAIN FINS (TYPA/G = 1)

NSA/G	FINS/IN	PLATE SPACING, IN
1	2.00	0.750
2	3.01	0.750
3	3.97	0.750
4	5.30	0.470
5	6.20	0.405
6 7	9.03	0.823
7	11.10	0.250
8	11.11	0.480
8 9	14.77	0.330
10	15.08	0.418
11	19.86	0.250
12	10.27	0.544
13	11.94	0.249
14	12.00	0.250
15	16.96	0.256
16	25.79	0.204
17	30.33	0.345
18	46.45	0.100

LOUVERED FINS (TYPA/G = 2)

NSA/G	FINS/IN 6.06	PLATE SPACING, IN 0.250	LOUVER SPACING, IN	LOUVER GAP, IN
2	6.06	0.250	0.375	0.130
ร	6.06	0.250	0.500	0.130
,				
4	6.06	0.250	0.500	0.130
5	8.70	0.250	0.375	0.055
6	8.70	0.250	0.375	0.080
7	11.10	0.250	0.1875	0.055
8	11.10	0.250	0.250	0.035
9	11.10	0.250	0.250	0.055
10	11.10	0.250	0.375	0.055
11	11.10	0.250	0.375	0.055
12	11.10	0.250	0.500	0.055
13	11.10	0.250	0.750	0.040
14	11.10	0.250	0.750	0.040

STRIP/OFFSET FINS (TYPA/G = 3)

NSA/G	FINS/IN	PLATE SPACING, IN
1	11.10	0.250
2	12.20	0.485
3	15.20	0.414
4	13.95	0.375
5	11.94	0.237
6	15.40	0.206
7	12.18	0.353
8	15.75	0.304
9	20.06	0.201
10	19.82	0.205
11	16.12	0.206
12	16.00	0.255

WAVY FINS (TYPA/G = 4)

NSA/G	FINS/IN	PLATE SPACING, IN
1	11.44	0.413
2	11.50	0.375
3	17.80	0.413

 $[\]mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{^{\mbox{\tiny Tables}}}}\ 9\text{--}3 (a), (b), (c) and (d) in Kay's and London "Compact Heat Exchangers."$

DTNSRDC ISSUES THREE TYPES OF REPORTS

- 1. DTNSRDC REPORTS, A FORMAL SERIES, CONTAIN INFORMATION OF PERMANENT TECHNICAL VALUE. THEY CARRY A CONSECUTIVE NUMERICAL IDENTIFICATION REGARDLESS OF THEIR CLASSIFICATION OR THE ORIGINATING DEPARTMENT.
- 2. DEPARTMENTAL REPORTS, A SEMIFORMAL SERIES, CONTAIN INFORMATION OF A PRELIMINARY, TEMPORARY, OR PROPRIETARY NATURE OR OF LIMITED INTEREST OR SIGNIFICANCE. THEY CARRY A DEPARTMENTAL ALPHANUMERICAL IDENTIFICATION.
- 3. TECHNICAL MEMORANDA, AN INFORMAL SERIES, CONTAIN TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION OF LIMITED USE AND INTEREST. THEY ARE PRIMARILY WORKING PAPERS INTENDED FOR INTERNAL USE. THEY CARRY AN IDENTIFYING NUMBER WHICH INDICATES THEIR TYPE AND THE NUMERICAL CODE OF THE ORIGINATING DEPARTMENT. ANY DISTRIBUTION OUTSIDE DTNSRDC MUST BE APPROVED BY THE HEAD OF THE ORIGINATING DEPARTMENT ON A CASE-BY-CASE BASIS.